# The Egyptian Gazette

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**THE EASTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LIMITED.**

This Company's system of submarine telegraph cables is the most direct and quickest means of communication from Egypt to Europe, North and South America, East, South and West Africa, India, Australia, New Zealand, China and Japan.

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STATIONS IN EGYPT: Alexandria, Cairo, Suez, Port Tewfik, Port-Said, Suakin. Head Office, London.

**WHITEHEAD, MORRIS & Co. (EGYPT) Limited.**

Wholesale and Export Manufacturing Stationers, Printers, Lithographers, and Engravers, Account Book Manufacturers,

LONDON:
Chief Offices—9 & 10, FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.
Branch Office—CAXTON HOUSE, WESTMINSTER, S.W.
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ALEXANDRIA:
Office—14, RUE SESOSTRIS. | Factory—RUE ATTARIN.
And at CAPE TOWN and JOHANNESBURG.
GOVERNMENT & BANK CONTRACTORS.

**ORIENT-ROYAL MAIL LINE.**

OUTWARD TO AUSTRALIA.
R.M.S. **Oruba** will leave Suez about August 9 | R.M.S. **Orient** will leave Suez about August 23
HOMEWARD to NAPLES, MARSEILLES, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, TILBURY.
R.M.S. **Orontes** will leave Port Said Aug 13 | R.M.S. **Omrah** will leave Port Said August 27
• Special reduced rates during Summer season (15th May—15th September) as follows

| Passage. | Naples. | Marseilles. | Plymouth or Tilbury. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1st Class | £7.0.0 | £10.0.0 | £14.0.0 |
| 2nd „ | 5.0.0 | 7.0.0 | 9.0.0 |
| 3rd „ | 4.0.0 | 5.0.0 | 7.0.0 |

The summer fares are nett but passengers travelling at these rates, and returning within 6 months at the winter rate, will obtain an abatement of 20 % off the the first and second class winter rate.

Agents, CAIRO: THOMAS COOK & Son, Ltd. | ALEXANDRIA: R. J. MOSS & Co.
For all information apply to **Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons,** PORT SAID & PORT TEWFIK (Suez). 31-12-6

**BIBBY LINE TWIN-SCREW MAIL STEAMERS.**

OUTWARDS to COLOMBO, TUTICORIN, etc., and RANGOON.
S.S **Shropshire,** 5,785 tons will leave Suez about August 15th.
HOMEWARDS to MARSEILLES and LONDON.
S.S **Worcestershire,** 7,160 tons, will leave Port Said about August 6th.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES DURING THE SUMMER SEASON. 12-931
*May 26th—September 30th inclusive*
Fares from Port Said to Marseilles £8.0.0; London £12.0.0; Colombo £32.10.0; Rangoon £37.10.0
Fitted with Refrigerators, Electric Light, Electric Fans and all recent improvements.
Agents in CAIRO: THOS. COOK & Son, Ltd. For all particulars apply to **Wm. STAPLEDON & Sons** PORT SAID PORT TEWFIK (Suez).

**KHEDIVIAL MAIL LINE.**

**Fast British Passenger Steamers.**

GREECE-TURKEY MAIL SERVICE.
Express steamers leave Alexandria weekly as under for PIRÆUS (Athens), SMYRNA, MITYLENE, and CONSTANTINOPLE, in connection with the Oriental Railways Express Service for VIENNA, BERLIN, PARIS & LONDON.
•S.S. **Osmanieh,** Wednesday 4 p.m. July 17, 31, August 14 and 28.
S.S. **Ismailia,** Wednesday 4 p.m. July 10, 24. August 7 and 21.
**PALESTINE-SYRIA MAIL SERVICE.**—The fast steamers *Assouan, Minieh* and *Menzaleh* leave Alexandria alternately on Saturdays at 4 p.m. for Jaffa (for Jerusalem), Caifa (for Nazareth), Beyrouth (for Damascus), Tripoli, Alexandretta, and Mersina calling fortnightly at Larnaca (Cyprus) and continuing from Beyrout in alternate weeks to Rhodes, Smyrna, Mitylene, Dardanelles, Gallipoli and Constantinople.
**SUDAN DIRECT MAIL SERVICE.**—The mail steamers *Dakahlieh* and *Kosseir* leave Suez alternately on Wednesdays at 5 p.m. for Port Sudan and Suakim in connection with the Sudan Government Railways express service to Khartoum.
**RED SEA COASTING MAIL SERVICE.**—Mail steamers leave Suez on Mondays at 5 p.m. for Tor (for Sinai Yambo and Jeddah, continuing in alternate weeks to Port Sudan, Suakim, Massowah, Hodeidah and Aden
For further information refer to the Co.'s Agencies at Alexandria, Cairo, Port Said, Suez or to THOS. COOK & SON (Egypt) Ltd., HAMBURG-AMERIKA REISE-BUREAU or other Tourist Agencies.

**DEUTSCHE LEVANTE-LINIE.**

Mail and Passenger Steamships. Regular Service fortnightly from HAMBURG; weekly from ANTWERP; every 4 weeks from BORDEAUX direct to ALEXANDRIA; homewards every 2 weeks from ALEXANDRIA for ROTTERDAM and HAMBURG. Goods forwarded at through-rates from all German Railway Stations on direct Bills of Lading to ALEXANDIA, CAIRO, SYRIA, etc. Special facilities for conveyance of cotton, etc from Alexandria viâ Rotterdam and Hamburg to German manufacturing towns.

Expected at Alexandria:
August 6 S.S. Lypsos, from Antwerp.
August 16 S.S. Tinos, from Hamburg.
S.S. Andros, now in port discharging, bound for Rotterdam and Hamburg.
*For tariff and particulars apply to* **ADOLPHE STROSS.** *Alexandria Agent.* 15-9-907

**The Moss S.S. Company, Ltd.**

For LIVERPOOL calling at MALTA (Messrs. JAMES MOSS & Co., 31, James St., Liverpool, Managers)
•**Amasis**.....Tons 4,600 | •**Khephren**.....Tons 5,000 | •**Moeris**.....Tons 7,500
•**Busiris**..... „ 6,000 | **Memes**..... „ 3,950 | •**Philae**..... „ 5,008 | **Seti**.....Tons 5,000
•**Karnak**..... „ 5,000 | **Meneptbah**..... „ 5,000 | **Rameses**..... „ 3,009
•Second class accommodation only, unless specially reserved.—Fares: Alexandria to Liverpool, 1st £14 Single, £25 Return. 2nd, £9 Single, £15 Return.—To Malta, 1st, £6 Single, £9 Return. 2nd, £3 Single, £5 Return.—Return tickets available for six months.
S.S **Khephren** now on the berth, to sail on or about Friday, 2nd August, to be followed by S.S. **Seti.**
Through freight rates on cotton, etc., to Lancashire inland towns, Boston, New York and other U.S.A. towns, obtained on application. Cargo taken by special agreement only. Passenger Tickets also issued inclusive of Railway fare through to and from Cairo.
27-11-906 For particulars apply **R. J. MOSS & Co.** Alexandria Agents.

**P. HENDERSON & CO's LINE.**

The Steamers of this Line leave **Suez** and **Port Said** every fortnight for **Algiers** and **London** or **Liverpool**
Saloon Fare £12. Special Summer season rates £10 Port Said to Marseilles £7.
S.S. MARTABAN 6000 Tons will leave PORT SAID about 16th August for Dover
„ IRRAWADDY 7300 „ „ „ ALEXANDRIA „ 31st July for Dover.
„ AVA 7100 „ „ „ PORT SAID „ 2nd August for London.
**Due in London or Liverpool in 13 days.**
The Saloon accommodation is amidships, and the vessels are fitted throughout with Electric Light, and have all the latest improvements. *For further information apply to the Company's Agents.*
WORMS & Co., Port Said and Suez. THOS. COOK & SON (EGYPT) LD., Cairo.
G. J. GRACE & Co., Alexandria. 31-12-906

**SUDAN DEVELOPMENT & EXPLORATION CO., LTD.**

**KHARTOUM; Cairo Office, Sharia Kasr-el-Nil.**
**TRANSPORT DEPT.** Six days White Nile Tourist Trip dep. Khartoum Tuesdays Steamer plans may be seen and passage booked at all Cairo Tourist Agents.—SPECIAL STEAMERS for private charter TRIPS ARRANGED & transport of goods to all places on White-Blue Niles within navigation limits.
**ENGINEERING DEPT.** Shipyard for construction of sternwheel steamers, barges, steam, motor launches, etc. Contractors for all classes of machinery, buildings, irrigation pumps, etc.
Sole Agents for Dudbridge Oil Engines; from 1 to 35 B.H.P., as supplied to Sudan Government Seamless Steel Boat Co., Ltd., etc., etc. 31-10-906

**MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.**

Established 1836 - Capital £1,000,000 - Reserve Fund £700,000
IMPERIAL FIRE OFFICE united with ALLIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. - EST. 1803.
1, Old Broad St, LONDON.—Policies issued at SUEZ by G. BEYTS & Co., Agents. 31-12-906

**INSURANCE.**
LIFE The Edinburg Life Assurance Company,
MARINE Union Insurance Society of Canton (Limited)
FIDELITY National Guarantee and Suretyship Association (Limited)
RISKS ACCEPTED AT TARIFF RATES. — CLAIMS LIBERALLY AND PROMPTLY SETTLED
Agents for Egypt: HEWAT & Co., Alexandria. 10-10-907

**GELLATLY, HANKEY & CO.**

SHIPOWNERS, OF LONDON.
BRANCHES AT PORT SUDAN SUAKIN & JEDDAH
Merchandise, furniture, baggage and personal effects forwarded, and insurances effected to all parts of the world. 27376-28-2-90

**THOS. COOK & SON, (EGYPT) LTD**

Head Office; LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON.
CHIEF EGYPTIAN OFFICE:— CAIRO, NEAR SHEPHEARD'S HOTEL
Alexandria, Port Said, Suez, Luxor, Assuan, Halfa and Khartum.
**GENERAL RAILWAY AND STEAMSHIP AGENTS. BANKERS.**
BAGGAGE AND FORWARDING AGENTS.
***Officially appointed & Sole Agents in Cairo to the P. & O. S. N. Co.***
RESIDENTS IN EGYPT proceeding to Europe for the summer are requested to apply to our offices for information respecting their passages, where steamer plans may be consulted, and Berths secured by all Lines of Steamers to all parts of the Globe; arrangements can also be made for the collection and forwarding of their baggage and clearance at port of arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable at the current rate of exchange in all the principal cities of Europe.
Cook's Interpreters in uniform are present at principal Railway Stations and Landing-places in Europe to assist passengers holding their tickets.
Large and splendidly appointed steamers belonging to the Company leave Cairo thrice weekly, between November and March, for Luxor, Assouan, and Wady Halfa in connection with trains de luxe to Khartoum. Moderate fares.
FREIGHT SERVICE. Steamers leave Cairo every Friday for Assouan and Halfa.
**Special combined rail and steamer Nile Tours at greatly reduced prices.**
**Special Steamers and Dahabeahs for Private Parties.**
**Special arrangements for tours in Palestine, Syria, and the Desert. Lowest rates.**
*BEST CAMP EQUIPMENT IN THE COUNTRY.*

**British India S. N. Company, Limited.**

Fortnightly Service in connection with the Co.'s Indian Mail Lines.—Calling at ADEN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, and CALCUTTA Out, and MARSEILLES (GENOA and PLYMOUTH optional) Home. Sailings from Suez.
OUTWARD.—*Mombassa* August 3 | HOMEWARD.—*Canara* August 2
**EAST AFRICAN LINE OF STEAMERS.**
Calling at Aden, Mombasa, Zanzibar and Beira. Monthly service.
First Class Fares from Suez to: Aden..... £11. 8; Bombay..... £21.10; Colombo..... £25.15; Madras..... £20.11; Mombasa..... £26.10; Calcutta..... £31. 0; Genoa..... £13.10; Zanzibar..... £30. 0; Marseilles..... £15.12; London..... £19. 6
From Port Said £2 less Homeward, and £2 more Outward. Second Class, two thirds of 1st Class Fares.
PORT SAID Agents: Worms & Co. and Wills & Co., Ltd.—CAIRO & ALEXANDRIA:— Thos. Cook & Son, Ltd., and Anglo-American Hotel & Steamer Co. For particulars apply G. BEYTS & Co., Suez. 31-12-906

**ANCHOR LINE, LIMITED.**

(HENDERSON BROTHERS,) LONDON, LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.
Booking Passengers and Cargo through to Ports in India, Europe and America
*First Class Passenger steamers Sailing fortnightly from Suez.*
For MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL S.S. "Massilia" August 7 | For CALCUTTA S.S. "Bavaria" August 3
For LONDON S.S. "Bohemia" August 13 | For BOMBAY S.S. "Scindia" August 20
Summer Rates up to the 31st October
FARES FROM: Port Said to Marseilles £7: 15 —, to London & Liverpool £12 -- Add £1 -- to above fare for passengers from Cairo, Ismailia, or Suez. Reduced rates on steamers not carrying surgeon and stewardess. [31-12-906]
Agents: Cairo, THOS. COOK & SON, Port-Said: CORY BROTHERS & Co.— For particulars apply C. BEYTS & Co., Su

**ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK LIMITED**

London, Paris, Alexandria, Cairo, Malta, Gibraltar, Tantah, Mansurah and Port-Said.
Subscribed Capital £1,500,000, Paid up Capital £ 500,000, Reserve £ 550,000
*The Bank undertakes every description of banking business on most favorable conditions.*

**BANK OF EGYPT, LIMITED.**

London, Alexandria, Cairo, Port Said, Khartoum.
Subscribed Capital £1,000,000.—Paid Up Capital £500,000.—Reserve £480,000.
The Bank undertakes every kind of Banking business.
Fixed deposits accepted at the Cairo Branch on the following terms: 3 months, 2 %. 6 months, 2 ½ %. 12 months, 3 %

**COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE**

DE PARIS.
*CAPITAL: 150,000,000 Frs.—£ 6,000,000 FULLY PAID UP. — HEAD OFFICE: 14, Rue Bergere, Paris*
Alexandria Branch 11, Rue Cherif Pacha.—40 Branches in Paris, and 112 Throughout France.
Branches in **Cairo,** London, Liverpool, Manchester, Tunis, India, Madagascar, Australia, etc. Bills Collected. Deposit Accounts opened at sight & for fixed periods, Advances on securities, in current account. Letters of Credit and Telegraphic Transfers Issued. Foreign Exhange Bought and Sold. Stocks and Valuables received in custody. Purchase and Sale of Stock & Shares in Egypt and Abroad. Dividends Collected. 28392-31-12-6

**COMPTOIR FINANCIER & COMMERCIAL D'EGYPTE**

Siège Social: ALEXANDRIE.— Succursale: LE CAIRE.
Capital Autorisé £ 1,000,000. — Capital Emis £500,000. — Reserve (environ) £95,000.
Administrateur-Délégué: M. ALFRED CAMPOS. Directeur Général: M. BENVENUTO CAMPOS.
**Ordres de Bourse.** *Reports sur valeurs égyptiennes, Avances sur marchandises et sur titres, Emission Lettres de Crédit, traites, chèques.* 28609-30-9-907

**CREDIT LYONNAIS**

CAPITAL FRANCS 250,000,000 ENTIEREMENT VERSES
Agences d'Egypte: ALEXANDRIE, LE CAIRE, PORT-SAID.
Le Crédit Lyonnais fait toutes opérations de banque, telles que: Avances sur titres fixes et en compte courant, Avances sur marchandises et consignations, Emission de traites et chèques, Emission de lettres de Crédit, Paiements par télégraphe sur les principales villes de la France et de l'étranger, Garde de titres Recouvrement d'effets sur l'Egypte et l'étranger; le Crédit Lyonnais reçoit des fonds en compte de dépôt et délivre des bons à échéance fixe au taux de 3 o/o pour 1 an et au-delà. 31-12-906

**BANK OF SALONICA.**

HEAD OFFICE: Salonica. BRANCHES at Alexandria, Cairo Constantinople, Smyrna, Cavalla, and Monastir.
*Founded in Agreement with the*
K. K. PRIV. OESTERREICHISCHE LANDERBANK, VIENN
9251 ALL ORDINARY BANKING OPERATIONS UNDERTAKEN. 31-12-90

**IMPERIAL OTTOMAN BANK.**

ESTABLISHED 1863. CAPITAL £10,000,000 STERLING.
CONSTANTINOPLE LONDON, PARIS, ALEXANDRIA CAIRO, PORT SAID CYPRUS and in all the principal towns in TURKEY.
*ALEXANDRIA, 5 Mohamed Aly Square.— CAIRO, 19, Sharia el Manakh.*
THE BANK undertakes every description of Banking business on favourable terms. 18-4-907

**BANK OF ATHENS, LIMITED.**

HEAD OFFICE: ATHENS—CAPITAL DR. 40,000,000 (FULLY PAID UP).—RESERVE DR. 8,735,000.
Branches: London 55-58 Bishopsgate-street Within, Alexandria, Cairo, Constantinople (Galata & Stamboul), Smyrna, Candia, Canea, Piræus, Patras, Volo, Syra, Calamata, and Salonica. The Bank undertakes all banking business in Egypt, Greece, etc. Interests on cash deposits, 3 0/0 per ann. at sight; 3 1/2 0/0 per ann. for 6 months; 4 0/0 per ann. for 12 months; 5 0/0 per ann. for 3 years and over. Savings Bank Branch receives deposits at 4 0/0 per ann., from P.T. 20 to P.T. 20,000. 19-1-907

**NATIONAL BANK OF EGYPT.**

CAPITAL: £3,000,000. RESERVE (ENVIRON): £1,500,000. MR. F. T. ROWLATT, GOVERNOR
Siège Social au Caire, Succursale à Alexandrie, Agence à Assiout, Assouan, Benha, Beni-Suef, Chibin el Kom, Damanhour, Fayoum, Khartoum, Kéneh, Mansourah, Minieh, Alexandrie. Luxor, Port-Said, Port Sudan, Suakim, Sohag, Tantah, Zagazig, Mouski (Caire) et Londres (4 et 5, King William Street). **La National Bank of Egypt** reçoit des dépôts à termes fixes, fait des avances et ouvre des comptes courants sur titres, valeurs et marchandises. Elle s'occupe de l'achat et de la vente d'effets sur l'Etranger, de l'escompte, ainsi que de tou tes opérations de Banque. 31-12-906

**DEUTSCHE ORIENTBANK, A.G.**

CAPITAL M. 16,000,000. HEAD OFFICE, BERLIN: BRANCHES: Hamburg, Alexandria (25 Cherif Pasha Street), Cairo (Midan Suarès,) Constantinople, Brusa.
deposits received, current accounts opened, and all banking operations undertaken 28343-10-8-907

**CREDIT FRANCO-EGYPTIEN**

Capital 12,500,000 Francs entierement verses. — Agence d'Alexandrie, 14, Rue Stamboul.
LE CREDIT FRANCO-EGYPTIEN fait toutes opérations de Banque, notamment: ESCOMPTE D'EFFETS sur l'EGYPTE et l'ETRANGER. AVANCE SUR TITRES.—GARDE DE TITRES.—DEPOTS DE FONDS A VUE et à échéance fixe avec intérêts aux taux suivants: 2 ½ 0/0 pour dépôts de 6 mois, 3 0/0 pour dépôts d'un an, 3 ½ 0/0 pour dépôts au délà d'un an. — LE CREDIT FRANCO-EGYPTIEN reçoit des **Marchandises** en consignation pour la vente et fait des **Avances sur Cotons, Graine et autres marchandises.** — 28337-10-8-907

**Direction der Disconto-Gesellschaft**

Berlin - Bremen - Frankfurt a M. - London.
Capital (fully paid-up) M 170,000,000 — Reserve Fund M 57,600,000.
Represented at Hamburg by Norddeutsche Bank in Hamburg.
29756 *The Bank tvansacts general banking business of every description.* 11-3-908

**DEUTSCHE BANK**

Capital: M 200,000,000 — Reserve: M 100,000,000
Dividends paid during last 10 years (1897-1906) 10, 10½, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 12, 12, 12 per cent.
Head Office: Berlin W. Branches—BREMEN, DRESDEN, FRANKFORT-on-M., HAMBURG LEIPZIG, MUNICH, NUREMBERG, AUGSBURG, WIESBADEN
London Agency: 4 George Yard, Lombard-Street, London E. C.
29755-31-1-908

**PORT SAID—SAVOY HOTEL.**

NEW FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, OVERLOOKING THE HARBOUR & OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE
Open all the year round. Well-appointed Bar. Electric Light.
MODERATE CHARGES. SPECIAL TERMS FOR RESIDENTS.

**The Cigarettes Manufactured by The Cleopatra Cigarette Co. G. NUNGOVICH**

are on sale at the Company's establishment by Grand Continental Hotel, Cairo, and at Walker & Meimarachi's, Alexandria. Purveyors to H. H. the KHEDIVE.
PATRONIZED by the Duke of Connaught and the Austrian Crown and all the High Life of Egypt

**Sun Insurance Office,**

LONDON.—Founded 1710.—Total sum insured in 1902 £487,600,000
General Agents: BEHREND & Co., Alexandria. Leon Heller, Cairo Agent. C. Lazzerini & Co., Suez Agents

**HAMBURG & ANGLO-AMERICAN NILE Co.**

*Weekly departure during Winter Season by the*
LUXURIOUS FIRST CLASS TOURIST STEAMERS "VICTORIA," "PURITAN," and "GERMANIA."
*Bi-weekly Express Service between LUXOR and ASSUAN by S.S. "MAYFLOWER."*
REGULAR WEEKLY DEPARTURES TO THE SECOND CATARACT BY THE S.S. "NUBIA."
THROUGH BOOKINGS TO KHARTOUM, GONDOKORO AND THE WHITE NILE.
Steamers and Dahabeahs for private charter. Steam Tugs and Steam Launches for hire.
FREIGHT SERVICE BY STEAM BARGES BETWEEN CAIRO AND ALEXANDRIA.
Working in conjunction and under special arrangement with the "Upper Egypt Hotels Company."
For details and programmes apply to HEAD OFFICE: *Sharia Boulac, Continental Hotel Buildings," CAIRO.*

**Hamburg-Amerika Linie.**

| | Leaves Port Said | Arrives Naples | Arrives Hamburg |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. *Silesia* | Aug. 10th | Aug. 14th | Aug. 26th |
| S.S. *Scandia* | Sep 7th | Sep. 11th | Sep. 23rd |
| S.S. *Habsburg* | Oct. 5th | Oct. 9th | Oct. 21st |
| S.S. *Rhenania* | Nov. 2nd | Nov. 6th | Nov. 18th |

These steamers call also at Plymouth if needed.

| FARES: | 1st class. | 3rd class. |
|---|---|---|
| To NAPLES | £10.— | £2.— |
| To HAMBURG | £17.10 | £4.10 |

Monthly connections from Port-Said to the ports of the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf.
Port Said to Colombo, China and Japan: August 3rd, S.S. RHENANIA; Sep. 3rd, S.S. HOHENSTAUFEN; Oct. 4th S.S. SILESIA; Nov. 3rd S.S. SCANDIA.
London. Roomy Cabins—Good Cuisine.
**Pleasure Cruises** to Iceland, Spitzbergen, Norway, Scotland, etc. during the Summer by the S.S. OCEANA, S.S. METEOR and the S.S. KRONPRINCESSIN CECILIE.
*The S.S. Oceana will resume the express service between Alexandria and the Continent next October.*
*Apply to: HAMBURG-AMERICA LINIE, Continental Hotel,* CAIRO. *C.J. GRACE & Co.,* ALEXANDRIA.
29074 *DEUTSCHES KOHLEN DEPOT,* PORT SAID & SUEZ. 31-11-07

**NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.**

ALEXANDRIA-NAPLES-MARSEILLES. Weekly Departure from ALEXANDRIA (3 p.m.)
SCHLESWIG: 12, 26 June; 17, 31 July.
HOHENZOLLERN: 5, 19 June; 3 July.
*The following S.S. are intended to leave PORT SAID:*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| HOMEWARD: for BREMEN or HAMBURG via Naples, Genoa, (Gibraltar), Southampton, Antwerp | | | |
| Scharnhorst | 8200 Tons | about 13 July | Preussen 5300 Tons about 10 Aug. |
| Kleist | 9400 „ | „ 17 July | Bulow 9000 „ „ 14 Aug. |
| Roon | 8100 „ | „ 27 July | Prinz Ludwig 9650 „ „ 24 Aug. |
| OUTWARD: for CHINA and JAPAN viâ SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE. | | | OUTWARD: for AUSTRALIA viâ SUEZ, ADEN, COLOMBO. |
| Pr. Reg. Luitpold | 6300 Tons | about 8 July | Seydlitz 8600 Tons „ 26 July |
| Pr. Eit. Friedrick | 8900 „ | „ 22 „ | Scharnhorst 8200 „ „ 23 Aug. |

**Service Maritime Roumain**

*16 Rue Sesostris 16*
Par suite de la quarantaine de 48 heures imposée par la Turquie aux provenances d'Egypte les paquebots-poste du Service Maritime Roumain quitteront Alexandrie chaque quinzaine le Mercredi à 4 heures de l'après-midi. Au cas où cette quarantaine serait réduite à 24 heures seulement les départs auront lieu le Jeudi à 4 p.m.
Alexandrie, le 25 Juin 1907.
For particulars apply to the Agents: **OTTO STERZING,** Opera Square, CAIRO. **Wm. H. MULLER & Co.,** Sesostris-st., ALEXANDRIA. Messrs. THOS. COOK & Son (Egypt) Ltd., are authorised to sell tickets in CAIRO and ALEXANDRIA. 30-10-06

**Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation**

**Alexandria-Brindisi-Venice Trieste.** Express Mail Service. Steamers leave Alexandria Saturdays 4 p.m. arrive Brindisi Tuesdays 5 a.m. in time for the Express to Milan, Lucerne, Paris, Vienna, Berlin, London, leaving Brindisi 7 a.m. Arrival at Venice Wednesdays about 8.30 a.m. Passengers may proceed from Venice to Switzerland Paris and London by the 2 p.m. and 11.5 p.m. — Expresses. Arrival at Trieste Wednesday about 3 p.m. in connection with the Train de Luxe proceeding the same evening to Vienna, Frankfort, Cologne, Brussel, Ostende and London. Arrival at London every Friday 5.12 p.m.
Special Train Service from Cairo Station to Alexandria Quay alongside steamer, Saturdays at 9.30 a.m.
**Intermediate Service: Alexandria-Brindisi & Trieste** (Lloyd).
Steamers leave Alexandria every Thursday 10 a.m. On and from April 11th at 5 p.m.
**Syrian-Caramanian Line.** Port Said, Jaffa, Beyrout, Tripoli, Alexandretta, Mersina, Feb. 28; March 4, 18; April 1, 15, 29; May 13, 27; June 10, 24.
**Syrian-Cyprus Line.** Beyrout, Limassol, Larnaca, Mersina, Feb. 26; Mar. 12, 26; Apr. 9, 23; May 7, 21; June 4, 18.
**Far East Lines.** DEPARTURES FROM PORT SAID: To Suez, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, *Yokohama* and *Kobé,* 6 March, 3 April, 4 May, 3 June.
To Suez, Aden and *Bombay* accelerated service 22 Feb., 7, 23 March. 8, 25 Apr., 8 May, 8 June.
To Suez, Aden, Karachi, Colombo, Madras, Rangoon & *Calcutta* about 18 Jan., 18 Feb., 18 March, 18 Apr., 18 May, 18 June. — For information apply to the Agents: Alexandria, Cairo, Port Said, Suez and Khartoum.
Special rates for Egyptian officials, members of Army of Occupation and their families. 31-12-06

**GUARDIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED**

of London, Established 1821.
CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED ONE MILLION STERLING.
Annual Income ... ... £895,000 — Total Funds ... ... £5,200,000
Agents for Egypt and Sudan: HEWAT & Co., Alexandria. 14-4-907

***International Sleeping and Restaurant Cars Company.***

*Restaurant Cars run every day between Cairo and Alexandria and vice-versâ.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Depart.—Cairo | midday | Arrival—Alexandria | 3.5 p.m. |
| „ Alexandria | midday | „ Cairo | 3.5 p.m. |
| „ Cairo | 6.35 p.m. | „ Alexandria | 10.5 p.m. |
| „ Alexandria | 6.00 p.m. | „ Cairo | 9.20 p.m. |

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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
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| Arrival—Ismailia | 1.50 p.m. & 9.27 p.m. | Arrival—Ismailia | 1.56 p.m. & 8.11 p.m. |
| Depart—Ismailia | 2. 4 p.m. & 9.32 p.m. | Depart—Ismailia | 2. 1 p.m. & 8.16 p.m. |
| Arrival—Port Said | 3.30 p.m. & 11.00 p.m. | Arrival—Cairo | 5.00 p.m. & 11.25 p.m. |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Leave | Port Said | Wed. 3rd | July | 10 a.m. | Arrive | Famagusta | 4th July 8 p.m. |
| „ | „ | „ 10th | „ | 10 a.m. | „ | „ | 11th „ 8 p.m |
| „ | „ | „ 17th | July | 10 a.m. | „ | „ | 18th July 8 p.m. |
| „ | Famagusta | Fri. 5th | July | 4 a.m. | „ | Port Said | 7th July 7 a.m. |
| „ | „ | „ 12th | „ | 4 a.m. | „ | „ | 14th „ 7 a.m. |
| „ | „ | „ 19th | July | 4 a.m. | „ | „ | 21th July 7 a.m. |

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G. B. MACAULEY.
Cairo, June 1907. GENERAL MANAGER.

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**DEATH.**

PEEL.—Mr. W. F. Peel, senior partner of Peel & Co., Alexandria, on August 1, in England, of pneumonia.


# The Egyptian Gazette

**THE ENGLISH DAILY NEWSPAPER.**
**ESTABLISHED 1880.**
**Editor and Manager - - R. SNELLING.**
**Price: ONE PIASTRE TARIFF.**

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1907.


## NATIONAL SLACKNESS.

Some irreverent persons are urging that Britain's sour defeat in athletic contests is no accident but the result of general and long established causes. They might find stronger arguments in proportion as they enlarged their survey. It is a depressing theory, essentially unpatriotic, it "our country, right or wrong," be the guiding principle. But to ignore facts is stupid; if a remedy for the evil exists it can only be found by studying it. Serious judges agree that our young men fail to hold their own, not because they are less strong of muscle or constitution than their forefathers, or less skilful, but because the foreigner is so much more "earnest." With patience and, above all, determination, he has worked up to their level, and finally overpassed it. In technical phrase, English youth of the day is "slack." But the thoughtful student of history may ask whether at any date it has been otherwise, compared with rival races; he may even include manhood and old age with youth under the same indictment. This hereditary weakness has not been recognised save by a few careful observers, because Englishmen were not matched with competitors in earnest until recent times, excepting Scotchmen, whose superiority is a proverb. The easy-going Southerner denounced the strenuous careful ways which led the hungry Scot to fortune three centuries ago, and denounces them still. He has not learned to copy nor even to tolerate conscientious devotion to hard work—that is, in the Caledonian or German meaning of the term, for multitudes of Englishmen honestly believe themselves to be model workers. Veterans who saw the beginning of serious competition in the trade of the Far East do not forget the rage of scornful disgust with which the Teutonic strangers were received. But "those laugh best who laugh last."

It would be not difficult, says the "Pall Mall Gazette" but impossible — for caution's sake we may add almost—to name a field in which our earlier ancestors distinguished themselves, except the field of battle. There, indeed, the very circumstances which caused—or encouraged—their "slackness" in time of peace gave them an immense advantage. But if we survey the wars with Scotland, earliest of "earnest" nations, in this point of view, significant facts appear. One can hardly name a great battle in all the long series, save Stirling and Bannockburn, where the Northerner was not defeated—and badly. But in skirmishes, raids and local fighting, as a rule, he appears to have had the best of it. English lads complain that the Border ballads, though they love to read them, always give the victory to the Scot; that is partly because Scots wrote them, but it would really seem that when numbers were small and the action hurried, their countrymen gained an advantage. That they were braver, more skilled in arms, or better equipped no one acquainted with the facts could hint. But a reason there must be. Is it that the Scotsmen, when few, brought to bear the same individual grasp and concentration which won them victory over the careless English in the struggle of trade? Æneas Silvius wrote that his English friends, disdainful of other enemies, "feared" the Scotch.

If there be an exception to the rule that arts and industries were all introduced to this country, more or less perfected for the time, from a foreign land, to identify it would be a long and toilsome process. Such elementary employments as spinning, weaving, pot-making were familiar at the earliest date, and it would be rash to say that no improvements had been made before the alien artificer arrived. The embroidery of English nuns was famous before the Conquest, and Charlemagne sent for English goldsmiths – whatever those facts may be worth. But if progress could be noted, it was very slow. The genius of Wedgwood taught us to regard the manufacture of earthenware as peculiarly our own; but in truth it had not passed the barbaric stage while Italy was producing the majolica of Gubbio, France the ware of Henri II, and Rouen, until the German Ellers migrated to Burslem. We are told that the brothers came thither because they learned by accident what unequalled advantages the neighbourhood supplied for a great manufacture and how utterly they were neglected. The use of bricks is a crucial instance. Our ancestors were perfectly familiar with them from the first. They found the southern parts of the island covered with great Roman buildings. The ruins of Verulamium extended for a mile, a wilderness of bricks. Monks used them for the reconstruction of churches, and even the city fathers for repairing the walls. But no one thought of employing them for building houses. Though they were at hand, our forefathers persisted in building with wattled clay and timber. Hallam could find no reference to brick earlier than the reign of Richard II., when the influx of Dutchmen or Flemings had gradually brought the people of East Anglia to see that brick houses really are convenient. And that date is still accepted.

Why were the English so slow to improve? Not for want of natural intelligence or enterprise. We apprehend that they did not move because they were free and comfortable—by comparison with other peoples. That necessity, which is the mother of invention, did not urge them. Every man who cared to work had plenty to eat and his rent—that is, his dues—were an imperceptible burden. Famines, indeed, upset every calculation, but Thorold Rogers declared: "I know of only one distinct period of famine in the whole economical history of England in so far as contemporaneous and statistical evidence demonstrates the facts—the seven years, 1315-21." Others were local and transitory. Chaucer lets us see by inference how comfortable was the English peasant in his time. He describes the house of a "poor widow" in the Nun Priest's tale. It is as wretched as he could conceive, but we learn that this outcast had three cows, a sheep, three large sows, "and no more," except a cock and seven hens. So when Piers Plowman's labourer is at his wits' end for poverty, he still owns "parsley and leeks and many cabbage plants, and eke a cow and a calf and a cart-mare," two green cheeses, "a few curds and cream, an oaten cake, and two loaves of beans and bran, baked for the children." It was then that the English people learned to be "slack"—to lie late a-bed and take things easy; for all that has come and gone they are not yet convinced that earnestness is necessary. But contrast this state of things with that prevailing abroad! There men—and women, too—had to work early and late all through their lives, especially Scotch people, and still could scarce obtain sustenance enough to keep body and soul together. Further, they had to bear wrongs and oppressions—especially Scotch people again—of which the English knew nothing. But thus they became "earnest," and the tradition is inherited.


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**NOTICE.**

During the absence in Europe of Mr. ROWLAND SNELLING, Editor and Manager of the "Egyptian Gazette," all cheques and receipts will be signed by Mr. G. I SWANSON, acting Editor and Manager, and countersigned by Mr. A. MARAVELLI, Cashier.

30733-15-1

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

**Norwegian Anniversary.**

To-day being the anniversary of the birthday of King Haakon VII of Norway the consulates of Cairo and Alexandria hoisted their flags.

**Price of Maize.**

From Khartoum we learn that the price of maize has advanced to P.T. 59 the ardeb. The rise is accounted for by the visitation of locusts in the district, and the lateness of the Nile flood.

**The Brindisi Mail.**

The mail for Europe via Port Said and Brindisi will be made up at the G. P. O., Alexandria, at 3. 10 p. m on Monday for ordinary correspondence, 2. 10 p. m. for registered correspondence, midday for money orders and insured articles and at noon on Sunday for parcels.

**Tramway Accident.**

A terrible tramway accident took place yesterday in front of the Mousky caracol where the lines divide A native woman was passing over the road when her dress was caught by the step of a tram. She was dragged under the wheels, and both cars passing over her, and killed and mutilated the poor woman beyond recognition.

**Projected Helouan Tramways.**

Considerable interest is being shown in Helouan over the project for trains through the main streets and along the Nile banks. It appears that an application was made by the proprietors of "El Hayat" Sanatorium to run horse cars, but this does not seem to appeal to the government. They are, however, willing to grant a concession for electric cars, an enterprise not likely to be taken up just yet, owing to the heavy expenditure which would be necessitated.

**The Follies Co.**

The "Follies" Company, which opens in Cairo on Monday is the latest and according to the Indian papers, quite the best Company Mr. Bandmann has yet imported. They left London on March 1st and very soon established themselves as firm favourites wherever they have performed. The Company consists of a number of ladies and gentlemen everyone of whom is a first class single-handed artiste with a big London and provincial reputation in his or her particular line of business. They have been specially selected, and were organised and rehearsed by the well known pierrot pioneers, Messrs Adler and Sutton, names which, together with that of Mr Maurice E. Bandmann, should be quite sufficient guarantee of the excellence of the entertainment to be provided. The company under notice is practically an off shoot of the "Follies" now performing and so well-known in London, three of its members having recently left in order to take up the present London and Far Eastern tour. Their programme consists principally of burlesques, short musical sketches, travesties, operatic selections, etc. Raillery in words and mockery both in music and dance keeps the rollicking programme going. There is but little doubt that they will be warmly welcomed in Egypt and in view of the fact that on the occasion of the visit of the last Bandmann Company almost every seat was sold before the doors were open we strongly advise early application for seats.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The Moss liner "Khephren" sailed yesterday afternoon for Liverpool with passengers and general cargo, including, 5,159 bales of cotton.

The S.S. "Egyptian Prince," with passengers and general cargo arrived at Manchester on the 1st inst. from Alexandria via Malta

## CASINO SAN STEFANO

Demain à 11 heures aura lieu le grand festival Wagner, attendu de tous depuis si longtemps. Nous répétons de nouveau le programme :

Les maîtres chanteurs de Nuremberg
Prélude du troisième acte.
Le crépuscule des Dieux
Chant des filles du Rhin et marche funèbre.
Valkyrie—Chevauchée.

Nous rappelons à tout le monde la décision heureuse de la direction du Casino, qui pour cette occasion met la terrasse nord du bâtiment du club à la disposition des enfants, cela pour éviter le bruit pendant le concert, qui sera le plus artistique et le plus intéressant de la saison.

Dans le programme vocal et instrumental de l'après-midi, figure le fameux trio des Lombards, précédé du grand solo de violon.

Le prix d'entrée reste toujours P.T. 5, matin et après-midi.

Les abonnés au Casino, accompagnés d'invités non abonnés, sont priés de noter qu'il sera rigoureusement exigé le droit d'entrée pour ces derniers.

## FOREIGN OFFICE VOTE.

### SIR E. GREY ON DENISHWAI.

### INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

*(Gazette's Special Service.)*

LONDON, Friday.

Subsequent to receiving the telegram which we published yesterday and after having gone to press we received the following from our London correspondent :—

Sir E. Grey in his speech in the House of Commons expressed the opinion that Egypt was not yet ready for representative self-government and that the withdrawal of British influence would only re-open the door to corruption, oppression, and injustice.

Regarding Denishwai he said that, though it would be premature to revise the sentences of the prisoners at the present moment, owing to them having been passed at a time when it was necessary to make a severe example, when the present condition of feeling passes away and an act of clemency would not be misconstrued into an act of weakness, it might prove to be wise and just to revise them.

Sir E. Grey also emphasized the necessity of progress in education and its dependence upon the supply of funds.

LONDON, August 2.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—In the debate on the Foreign Office vote Sir E. Grey, referring to the Denishwai incident, pointed out that he had said nothing on Tuesday precluding the possibility of the revision of the sentences. An act of clemency might be in accordance with good policy when the state of feeling necessitating a severe example had passed away. The establishment of self-government in Egypt before the people were prepared for it would result in re-opening the door to corruption and oppression.

Referring to the Hague Conference, he said that the Government was reluctant to make a disarmament proposal which would turn a friendly into a divided conference, but if no definite results are reached they at least have prevented the subject from being dropped.

He reiterated the hope that Belgium would assume responsibility in the Congo, and pointed out the impossibility of Great Britain acting in Macedonia without the consent of the Powers. He said that an agreement with Russia with a view to removing causes of quarrel could be sought without reference to the internal affairs of that country.

The Nationalist and Labour members challenged a further division on the report of the resolution regarding the grant to Lord Cromer which has been adopted by 229 votes to 88.

*(Reuter)*

## EGYPTIAN PICTURE EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

London, July 19.

Mr. A. O. Lamplough is much to be congratulated on his water colour drawings of Egypt and Nubia at present on exhibition at the Langham Hotel There are some twenty pictures in all, and each one shews a character and quality which attracts immediate attention. The danger, we think, of all exhibitions of Egyptian scenery is monotony, and this danger Mr. Lamplough has largely succeeded in avoiding, more especially in his desert scenes. His town and street scenes shew a character that mark them out for praise, though these subjects have been so frequently and so thoroughly dealt with that even the cunning of his brush cannot make us forget that we have seen them before. When he comes to treat of the desert, however, he becomes altogether excellent, an artist in atmosphere, with a bolder sweep and a wider imagination than it is often our lot to meet with among Egyptian landscape painters. Moreover he has learnt to leave out the unnecessary, the petty details which the inferior artist drags in to hide his larger defects. In number 4, for instance, "Midday heat in the desert" we have a colour scheme in blue and yellow altogether admirable, the crisp blue of the upper sky, the golden yellows of the desert and the heat haze shimmering where sky and desert meet : no camels or pyramids, no hackneyed dragoman to distract the eye, and the whole is completed by an excellent sense of line, a quality as necessary as it is rare and one to which he gives full effect again in number 14, a Nubian scene, with sloping hills coming down from either side and a distant view of a bend in the Nile between which is quite a little masterpiece of bright perspective ; in fact we consider this perhaps the best piece in the collection. There is one other, however, which we cannot pass over without mention, entitled "Morning mist in the desert," a beautiful combination of mauve tints ; a foreground of desert in deep shades cut horizontally by the whitening mist, above which the tops of the palm trees shew in the distance tinged with a paler mauve by the morning sun. Mr. Lamplough also shews some larger paintings of fine quality, but he is in our opinion not quite so successful with these, though there is one "On the Nile near Sakkarah" of distinct merit ; the difficulty perhaps is that the strong lights and shades of the Egyptian atmosphere tend to look exaggerated in large quantity. We certainly think that all his works are well worthy of consideration by picture lovers at the price the artist asks, and that some of them, notably those specially mentioned, are to be had at nothing less than a bargain.

## BUSINESS PROSPECTS IN THE SUDAN.

### DISADVANTAGES OF AUTOCRACY.

Under the heading of "Business Prospects in the Sudan," we recently reproduced a very interesting and true article lately appearing in "The Times," regarding the defects of the present military government of the Sudan, and the obstacles that are put in the way of genuine traders from doing business in the country. The writer of the article appearing in "The Times" is evidently one with an intimate knowledge of the Sudan, but he does not make sufficient suggestions for the amelioration of the present system of Government. In order to do this, we must go to the root of the subject and see who is responsible for the present line of Government, and not content ourselves by abusing those who are merely carrying out their orders.

Since the conquest of the Sudan in 1898, Lord Cromer has been absolute ruler of the country, and it has been his policy that his Agent at Khartoum, the Governor General, should merely keep the machinery of an elementary Government in motion, and give no encouragement whatever to outside enterprise from entering the Sudan. The creation of speculative companies for the Sudan cannot be too strongly condemned, but such are outside our thought, for we only refer to bona-fide traders, and those ready and even eager to take up contracts and enterprises which could be better done by them than by a new Government, still largely dependent on financial support from outside.

It is argued by those in authority that the Sudan being practically an uncivilized country, and in certain districts subject to native risings, it is absolutely indispensable that the Government, in order to be in a position to quell any sudden rebellion, should be for some time to come a military Government. This argument, however, is not conclusive, nor even convincing. India has been held by us for nearly 150 years. The Government is distinctly a civil government, with a commander in chief, who is responsible for the Army alone. Such should be the system adopted by the Sudan. British military officers should have their full military rights as soldiers, but the Civil Government should be entirely in the hands of experienced civilians with a knowledge of governing covering a range beyond the mere knowledge of office routine work and signing a few letters.

At the present moment the interests of Trade and Commerce in the Sudan are entirely subordinate to the carrying on of what we have termed a very elementary military system of Government, which is entirely inadequate to cope with the big commercial questions which the majority of soldiers, by their training, are unable to understand.

It is common knowledge that from time to time various schemes benefitting the Sudan, have been submitted to the Government by those in a full position to carry out their projects, and have only been snubbed instead of receiving encouragement. And why this? In reply, many reasons, but the chief are because, firstly initiative has been checked. Lord Cromer's hands were full with Egyptian affairs, and the Sudan was to be worked with as little trouble as possible. Secondly, some of the schemes submitted by great men experienced in finance have involved a certain amount of technical knowledge in matters of finance, which unfortunately no member of the Sudan Government possess, even if holding a position carrying with it a knowledge of finance. The financial control of the country is directed by the adviser in Egypt, and the local Financial Secretary for mere Government purposes does not require any knowledge of high finance, but merely has to supply the various departments with such funds as can be allotted to them, and to generally keep down expenses,

As, however, intendants for concessions in the Sudan are obliged to make their applications to the local Government in Khartoum, it is high time that positions of finance should be held only by experienced civilians, with the necessary knowledge of financial questions enabling them to grasp propositions from a financial point of view submitted to them.

The country, without being unduly "rushed," should have a fixed progressive policy, and the Government must remember they are there to assist those wishing to develop the country. The actual routine of the Government work is only a means towards the end, and this end is the expansion and opening up of the country, which can only be effected by commerce and enterprises submitted by those in a position to do so.

To sum up, we do not in any way wish it to be thought that there is any slur on individual members of the Sudan Government, for with as much justice we might criticise a body of civilians suddenly called on to command a batch of battalions, and laugh at the ignorance displayed by them. No, it is the root of the evil we wish to drive at. The Sudan Government must be a civilian Government with the best that can be found to carry on the organization, and work hand in hand with their military colleagues who should be only responsible for what is required by an army of any other country, and the central Government must not be merely an ornamental one, but must be allowed plenty of initiative, understanding that they are there to further and encourage all enterprises for the good of the country and for the furtherance of trade and commerce.

**MINERAL WATERS.**

We remind our readers that Spathis' celerated minerals are the best in Egypt. [ADVT.

## EGYPT AND FINANCE.

### DANGERS OF CREDIT.

BY ARTHUR S. DELANY.

There is not a deal of cleverness in being wise after the event, but one is constrained to think that the financial condition would not be so acute in Egypt to day, if the elementary principles in the economics of finance had been borne in mind. "Trade," said Lord Overstone, "revolves apparently in establised cycles. First we find it in a state of quiescence, next improvement, growing confidence, prosperity, excitement, over trading, convulsion, pressure, stagnation, distress, ending again in quiescence." Overstone thus summarises what every writer upon political economy endeavours to teach.

His words are applicable to the present situation in Egypt, excepting that the crisis is financial. The birth of credit always follows a succession of good crops, but we must consider what invariably ensues upon the enlargement of credit in a country. Banks are prepared to afford every facility to old firms by increasing their finances to cope with the continual demand for money. New firms borrow with the idea of participating in the movement, and even a man with a small capital is enabled to increase it comparatively to extraordinary proportions. Companies follow one another with rapidity to benefit from the ever increasing all-round activity. Wages rise in accordance with the competition for labour, and the desire to buy is on a parity with the inclination to pay.

The movement continues until the lender of money, who should be the first to discover any waning sign, deems it prudent to curtail credit, when, at the same time, the demand for more loans is increasing. Distrust commences where renewals cease, and thus the rise of prices is checked. Speculators, becoming anxious, desire to cover their position, and rush into the market to sell, and the inevitable crisis follows.

Large credits are absolutely necessary in a country, which has made the enormous progressive strides that Egypt has. When Europe poured in her capital, it was to assist in the agricultural and industrial development of the country. Unfortunately, the speculator availed himself of the opportunity to profit by the funds that accrued from an enormous circulation of three months paper, and large sums were thrown into the hands of the brokers to assist them in promoting, in many instances, the wildest speculation.

There is always an element of danger in developing a country upon borrowed capital, but when money intended for development is diverted into speculating channels, how unstable a position must become, and how critical for the general welfare of a country. Yet, strange to say, the class of man who aided this movement, connected with a community respected for their natural aptitude in regard to financial matters, and generally so quick to discern the probabilities of the financial market, feeling every throb of its pulse, appeared totally blind — may be, in their greed for excessive interest — to the consequences likely to ensue from their method of conducting affairs, when the most elementary treatise upon finance would have warned them of their peril.

There was never any attempt to curtail credit, even when the danger signs appeared, until Europe, without any warning — in an unwise moment, it is true—decided to do so. The lenders of capital were caught in a mesh, from which it will be difficult to extricate them, and Egypt is passing between the stagnation and distress stages. A general liquidation will be necessary before the quiescent is reached, and the difficulty is apparent, for every liquidation will aggravate the position. If renewals of credit are not agreed upon, the crisis may yet be young, and the coming of the winter season is to be regarded with anxiety.

Egypt must look forward with resignation to the termination of her malady, when many concerns, under the misnomer of private banks, will no longer be able to impede natural progress by their objectionable influences. Then the severe lesson will have had a beneficial effect, confidence will return, and Egypt will continue on her march towards prosperity.

## SHOUBRA ENGLISH SCHOOL.

The Shoubra English school, which closed at the end of June for the summer holidays, will open again at the beginning of October. It is reported in All Saints' Church magazine that the children have made good progress during the past year in spite of great drawbacks through lack of suitable accommodation. The school has had to be moved three times during the past nine months, but now that it is finally housed in its own building, we hope that a long period of usefulness and influence for good lies before it. In the course of the past year marked improvement has been made in discipline, in the number of scholars and the regularity of their attendance, and in the keeness and interest which they show in their work. Miss Johnston, of the Sanieh Training College, most kindly again examined the children. There was a big increase in the percentage of marks obtained, and this speaks well for the schoolmistresses. But, at the same time, a few faults have been found and some valuable advice given. The actual loss on the working expenses of the school for the past year amounts to L.E. 34. This is much less than was anticipated, and was met by a grant of L.E.35 out of the profits of the Jumble Sale in November last.

## NOTES FROM BEYROUT.

### NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Beyrout, July 29.

On Wednesday morning the Russian steamer arrived from Constantinople at our port with an Ottoman flag flying at the mast-head in honour of Youssef Pasha Franco, the newly appointed Governor General of the Lebanon. Soon after dropping anchor and taking pratique a salute of guns was fired from the barracks and a crowd of Lebanese hastened on board to pay their homage and tender their expressions of welcome. A consular notability cynically remarked to me that most of those good men that were in such a hurry to welcome their new Governor had taken part in the hostile demonstrations indulged but a few days ago against him, while the other quiet and wise set waited on the landing place. The Vali of Beyrout received Youssef Pasha with full military honours, a battalion of the Beyrout garrison and the gendarmerie and police being drawn up in double file to present arms. The Mutessarif and Vali then drove together, preceded by a cavalry band to the Seraglio, followed by a long procession of carriages, at the head of which was that occupied by Madame Youssef Pasha and by her side the Emir Mustafa Arslan, a particular and old friend of Naoum Pasha and family. From the Seraglio Youssef Pasha proceeded to the barracks to visit the military commandant, and thence to the private residence of Rear-Admiral Faiek Pasha. He afterwards repaired to Hotel Gassaann, in the new palatial building of the Messrs Sabbagh Frères, where he was to stay for three days prior to his departure to Beit Eddin, the summer head-quarters of the Government, and his assumption of office. During his short sojourn his Excellency received the Consuls' visits and returned the same, accompained by the first dragoman Abdullah Bey Khouri. He received also the official visits of the military and civil authorities and the clerical dignitaries. Some of the Lebanese functionaries, especially the Kaimakams, were, at his request presented to him. The Italian Vice-Admiral Di Brocchetti and staff, as an official, also called on the new Mutessarif.

Youssef Pasha stands somewhat under the middle height, yet has a manly and full "carrure." He wears a beard à la Henri quatre, has a broad forehead and large dark eyes, with a kindly and sympathetic expression. He speaks French very well, and has a deliberate manner in conversing, indicative of a cautious and well-balanced mind. After the late régime such qualities of steadiness and thoughtfulness are in special demand, to allay the excitement of anarchy and help in evolving order out of chaos. The "Temps" may therefore, be justified in its pronouncement that a better administration is expected from the new Governor.

***The Italian Fleet.***

The Italian Fleet arriving at our port, while yet the remnant of the British Fleet was lingering for the last day in our waters, tended to keep up the round of festivities with which our otherwise monotonous existence has lately been enlivened. There first arrived on the 21st instant the first class twin screw cruiser "Emmanuel Filiberto" with an armament of 34 guns and crew of 509, which exchanged the usual salute of guns with the barracks and the British battleship "Venerable." The aide-de-camp of Faiek Pasha and the Vice-Consul of Italy then went on board to pay the official call to the Commander. On the same day at 5.30 p.m. and early in the following morning, arrived from Smyrna also the complement of the Fleet under the command of Vice-Admiral Di Brocchetti, consisting of the "Regina Margherita," flagship, first class battleship 14270 tons displacement, 40 guns, 860 men ; "Giuseppe Garibaldi" 2nd class twin screw cruiser, 7500 tons displacement, 37 guns, 520 men ; "Saint Bon," 1st class battleship, 9800 tons displacement, 42 guns, 543 men: the name is commemorative of the Admiral of French origin who settled in Italy and rose to naval eminence, and fought the battle of Lissa in the Adriatic with the Austrian Admiral Tegetoff ; "Agordat" despatch boat, 1,200 tons displacement, 12 guns, 179 men. "Ferrucio" 2nd class twin screw cruiser 7,350 tons displacement 37 guns 508 crew. "Benedetti Brin," 1st class battleship, 13,400 tons displacement, 42 guns 827 men.

On the 22nd inst., the British warships having left, the Italian flagship came into the harbour to take the berth of the "Venerable." The usual exchange of salute guns and official visits was gone through. On Tuesday evening the Italian Colony entertained their naval visitors to a dance and garden-party at the spacious and well-known grounds of the Circolo Ginnastico Italiano, and the function proved a brilliant success, and reflected credit on the taste and generosity of feeling of the Italian Consul and Colony. Spacious pavilions were fixed up and tarpaulins were spread on the vast level lawn for dancing. A profusion of lights, most artistically disposed, turned night into day. Refreshments of the choicest kinds and a rich buffet were served to a large crowd, which comprised the Consular Corps, the Vali of Beyrout and other civil and military officials, some of the notables of Beyrout as well as the Admiral and Staff and officers of the Fleet. The Italian Consul General Signor di Motta, made a speech of welcome and thanks on behalf of the colony and the naval visitors, for the kind attendance of the guests, and the Vali replied with a toast and cheers which were enthusiastically echoed.

On the 24th instant the brass band of the "Giuseppe Garibaldi" gave a concert between 5 and 9 p.m. the Italian Colony and their friends at the Circolo Italiano. The reunion though rather informal was none the less a success. The programme was select and the airs were played with a skill and feeling worthy of the Italian's musical reputation The meeting was wound up with a quadrille danced on the uncovered ground and "a la belle étoile".

On the 25th an "At Home" was held by the Vice-Admiral on board the Flagship to which the Italian Colony and others were invited.

## THE KHEDIVE

We are informed by an official of Ras el Tin Palace that the Khedive, who is at present in Paris, has no intention of visiting England this year, and that he will return to Egypt via Constantinople.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Prince Youssef Kamel Bey left for Europe on Thursday last.

Prince Said Pasha Halim and Princess Eminah who are at present in Switzerland will pay a visit to Paris towards the end of September.

Prince Omar Pasha Toussoun, who is undergoing a cure at Contrexeville, will visit Paris before returning to Egypt.

Mr. Reffye sailed yesterday for Marseilles, and will not return until October. He will be replaced by M. Girieux.

Dr. Abbate Pasha has returned to Cairo from Syria.

Macauley Bey sailed yesterday for England, and during his absence will be replaced by Mr. Blakeney on the latter's return from England.

Owing to the lamented death of Mr. W. F. Peel the "Dead March in Saul" will be played after the evening service to-morrow in H. B. M's. Garrison Church of St. George, Mustapha Pasha. Mr. Peel and his family have been regular worshippers at the Garrison Church for many years, and had given many handsome gifts to the Church. He will be much missed by all the members of the congregation who knew him.

The Rev. Hugh P. Reid is one of the candidates for the appointment as Minister to Greenlow Church, Ramleh. A ballot of the three candidates who presented themselves resulted in 93 votes for Mr. Reid and 123 for the Rev. G. N. Dods. A second ballot was held last Thursday, the result of which has not yet reached this country.

The other afternoon while the Anchor liner "Circassia" bound to Bombay was in the Suez Canal, Dr. Charles Westwood Wilson, medical officer, aged 42, died suddenly from failure of the heart. His body was landed at Suez, where, after the post mortem examination, he was buried.

## LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish, in a spirit of fair play to all, to permit—within certain necessary limits—free discussion.

### THE LETTER OF IMPERIALIST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "EGYPTIAN GAZETTE."

Sir,—It is hard to say from whence emanated your letter signed "Imperialist" so freely commented on by the 'Egyptian Standard' and reproduced 'in toto' by the "African World" but one point which has struck me is the virulence of the remarks of the "Standard" on the subject. Happily for the press in Egypt the "Standard" editors are not press censors otherwise we should stand a very poor chance of ever getting any news. I see no harm in being an Imperialist, Imperialism was the watchword of the greatest nations which have preceded the British race and is even to-day the war cry of the newest addition of the leading nations, to wit Germany. A lusty nation confined within its borders with civilization, a glorious record in the past, and an ever increasing population must spread ; nowadays such a nation spreads commercially, but if trade follows the flag it is evident that the flag goes first and with the flag armed men and force. I do not see that 'Imperialist' incited an appeal to arms, or incitement to rebellion ; as for preaching sedition it is ridiculous and the heading of "Treason" was more treasonable to those individuals who made use of such an inflammatory headline than to the writer of a simply logical letter, the source of which was probably well known to you before publication.

As to the question in the House on the subject I have not yet seen this reported by any reputable Press Agency but it is certainly a fact that if such a question was put to Sir E. Grey he could choose his own manner of replying, which he evidently has done, to the discomfiture of the Lobby loafers seeking whom they may devour.

In apologising for imposing on your valuable space I would like to conclude by remarking that the distortion of everything appearing in the home and Egyptian Press by the "Standard" is so damaging to that paper, so much so that happily few take the trouble to worry themselves about it. It is unfortunate however that all these distorted ideas should be translated into the vernacular which in itself constitutes sedition.

Yours faithfully,
"Interested."

Cairo, July 29th.

# TELEGRAMS.

## THE CASABLANCA RISING.

### MOORISH GOVERNMENT'S ACTION.

### FRANCO-SPANISH ARRANGEMENT.

TANGIER, August 2.

A Spanish warship has been ordered to proceed here. The "Condé and "Du Chayla" are preparing at Toulon.

The Moorish Government is sending 200 soldiers to Casablanca. Europeans at Rabat have been warned to remain within the town owing to the excitement of the tribes through French intervention in the Customs administration.

It is understood that France has proposed to Spain to land a Franco-Spanish force at Casablanca in accordance with the policing powers under the treaty of Algeciras. The Italian cruiser "Etna" is now here. She has been ordered to remain at the disposal of the Italian Minister. *(Reuter)*

PARIS, August 2.

The Government has decided to arrange with Spain for an immediate landing of the troops at Casablanca. *(Havas)*

## TURKS AND BULGARIANS.

### ATTACK ON A VILLAGE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 2.

A Bulgarian band has attacked the village of Guredjik, near Drama. Colonel Elliot, the British gendarmery officer, has been wounded in the leg. There have been several severe encounters between Turkish troops and Bulgarian and Greek bands latterly. *(Reuter)*

## TANGIER BANK BURGLARY.

ALGIERS, August 2.

The report that the Bank of Tangier has been burglared is now confirmed. *(Havas)*

## MURDERS AT SALONICA.

SALONICA, August 2.

A gang has massacred six Greeks belonging to the village of Monastir. *(Havas)*

## EVICTED TENANTS BILL.

LONDON, August 2.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—The Evicted Tenants Bill has passed the third reading by 228 votes to 49. *(Reuter)*

## MEETINGS OF KINGS.

SWINEMUNDE, August 2.

The Tsar and M. Isvolsky will meet the Emperor William and Prince von Buelow here to-day. *(Reuter)*

LONDON, August 2.

King Edward accompanied by Sir C. Hardinge will meet the Emperor Francis Joseph and Baron Aerental at Ischl on 15th instant. *(Reuter)*

## EXPLOSION OF CANNON.

TOULON, August 2.

A cannon exploded on board the training ship "Couronne." Three men were killed and seven wounded. *(Havas)*

## MOTOR-CAR TRIALS.

PARIS, August 2.

The trial of automobiles for the "Critérium de France" has commenced. *(Havas)*

## FRENCH WINE TROUBLE.

PARIS, August 2.

The prisoners taken during the recent wine growing riots at Argelliers have been set at liberty. *(Havas)*

## HOME CRICKET.

LONDON, August 2.

Yorkshire beat Leicestershire by 10 wickets. South Africans beat Lancashire by an innings and 165 runs. *(Reuter)*


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# SPORT AND PLAY.

## CRICKET.

### RAILWAY INSTITUTE v. R.A.M.C.

This match was played on Friday and ended in an easy victory for the Institute.

R. A. M. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Corpl. Dissent, b. Burns | 1 |
| Pte. Green, his wicket, b. Wilson | 4 |
| „ Breeze, c. Greenhalgh, b. Burns | 8 |
| Lieut. Thompson, b. Burns | 0 |
| Pte. Knowles, b. Burns | 15 |
| „ Jones, c. Bray, b. Wilson. | 2 |
| „ Hollands, run out | 0 |
| „ Fry, c. L. Lion, b. Wilson | 2 |
| „ Young, b. Burns | 0 |
| „ Bogosoff, b. Burns | 0 |
| „ Ward, not out | 3 |
| Extras | 1 |
| Total | 36 |

E. S. R. I.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rev. J. T. Burns, c. Bogosoff, b. Jones | 1 |
| W. M. Hayes, c. Young, b. Jones | 7 |
| W. B. Davies, b. Green | 6 |
| R. Wilson, run out | 1 |
| W. Greenhalgh, b. Breeze. | 24 |
| L. H. Lion, st. Knowles, b. Thompson | 39 |
| A. Bray, b. Hollands. | 10 |
| J. T. Hall, c. Jones, b. Thompson | 4 |
| H. J. Leishman, run out. | 7 |
| G. O. Lion, l.b.w. b. Thompson | 3 |
| F. Mieli, not out | 4 |
| Extras | 6 |
| Total | 112 |

## JAPAN'S "EGYPT."

The news that a Convention has been signed between Japan and Korea by which the former Power practically takes over the whole of the administration of Corea comes by no means as a surprise. It was the logical sequence of the late war, and if Russia had been victorious the Tsar's Government would have acted in precisely the same manner as Japan has now. Certainly the terms of the Convention can leave no doubt in the minds of anyone that as a national factor in the Far East, Korea has ceased to exist. As evidence of this Korea will henceforth be governed by a Japanese Resident-General who is endowed with the fullest powers conceivable. Indeed, no dictator could have asked for greater freedom of administrative action. According to reports from Tokio, owing to a dearth of competent Japanese officials the control of the various Korean Departments of State will be effected gradually. The control of the Army, however, passes at once into Japanese hands. It is a good omen for the future that the Japanese have at once set to work to reorganise the Courts of Justice. Nothing shows more clearly the incompetence of Korea to pose as an independent State than the celerity and ease with which Japan has effected her purpose. The annexation of Korea has always been part of her Eastern policy, and as we firmly believe that Japanese rule makes for peace and contentment, we see little cause to take exception to her action. After all, our occupation of Egypt is a very analogous case. As there are people, so there are nations, who need a strong hand to lead them in the way. Korea is a case in point, and we believe that before many years have passed she will realise the full advantages of her position. ("The Globe.")

## Notice to Advertisers.

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# "THE HOLY GRAIL."

## MYSTERIOUS DISCOVERY AT GLASTONBURY.

A strange story of a glass vessel of beautiful workmanship and supposed great antiquity, discovered near Glastonbury Abbey, is told in the "Daily Express."

The discovery was made by the sister of Mr. Wellesley Tudor Pole, of Bristol, and two other ladies, as the result of a suggestion by Mr. Tudor Pole that they should go and search in a place which he had seen either in his mind's eye or in what seems to have been a "waking dream." One of the strangest features concerning it is that it was placed in the spot near Glastonbury nearly nine years ago by Dr. Goodchild, of Bath a man of much antiquarian knowledge, also as the result of what is described as a "trance," and Dr. Goodchild entertains the belief, consequent upon his strange experiences, that it is the cup which the Saviour used at the Last Supper, and which, according to the Glastonbury legend, was brought to Britain after the Crucifixion.

Mr. Tudor Pole communicated his story to an eminent dignitary of the Church of England in London, and at this gentleman's request attended a meeting at the house of the dignitary in London on Saturday last, and narrated all the circumstances concerning the discovery. The meeting was of a notable character. It consisted of about fifty persons, including ministers of various religions, scientists, antiquaries, peers and peeresses.

Mr. Tudor Pole told the gathering that at the beginning of the year 1902 he "received an impression" that near Glastonbury Abbey a relic of a holy nature lay buried. As time passed this mental impression grew stronger. It recurred again and again by day and by night. In September last the sensation reached a climax.

He said that while he was sitting in his office, in the midst of the most prosaic surroundings, he experienced what can only be described as a "waking dream." He saw, either in a "dream" or so clearly with his mind's eye that it seemed a "vision," a spot which he remembered well—a small rivulet and a pond on some farm land known as Bride's Hill, about half a mile from Glastonbury Abbey. In the shallow well, or spring, which is the source of the rivulet, he saw burried a small vessel.

### *The Ladies' Discovery.*

Being unable to spare time from his business to go to Glastonbury, Mr. Tudor Pole sent his sister and two other ladies, one of whom is a "clairvoyante" to the spot. Turning over the mud in the well the ladies found, among other things, the mysterious glass vessel. It was covered with a broken slab of stone, which had apparently protected it from injury. It was then, as now, in a state of perfect preservation.

Mr. Pole's sister and the other ladies described to Dr. Goodchild the glass "cup" which they had found, and Dr. Goodchild at once recognised it as one which he himself had placed in the well in the year 1898, or eight years before.

Dr. Goodchild then invited Mr. Tudor Pole over to Bath to see him, and told him the circumstances in which he placed the vessel in the well at Glastonbury. In 1885, while he was at Bordighera, a friend of his told him of a curious glass vessel which was in the little shop of a local tailor. Dr. Goodchild went and saw it, was surprised to find that it was apparently a rarity, and bought it for £6.

While he was staying at the Hôtel St. Pétersbourg, in Paris, in 1896, he states that he fell into a trance; that a figure appeared before him and told him that he was in great danger; that the cup which he found at Bordighera was the "Cup of Our Lord" used at the Last Supper; that when his father died he must take it to the "women's quarter" at Glastonbury; that subsequently a woman would arise and prophesy; and that the cup would be brought forth within ten years, and "would be a means of moulding Christian thought."

### *Brought the Cup to England.*

In the following year Dr. Goodchild returned with it to England, went to Glastonbury, discovered the ancient "women's quarter," and, on the instructions of "clairaudiant voices," deposited the cup in the shallow well or spring. Dr. Goodchild states most emphatically that the only person to whom he ever mentioned the placing of the cup in the well was the late William Sharp.

Mr. Pole suggests the theory that when the traditional Glastonbury cup disappeared from history, it may have been sent in charge of a monk to Rome for safety, that the monk may have died at Bordighera on his way, and that the cup may have remained hidden at Bordighera until some time before Dr. Goodchild found it there. There is, he admits, no proof as yet that anything of the kind happened. But he is quite convinced that the vessel is a holy relic of some kind.


Export.—Import.

CORRESPONDENT.

**German, English and French,** having been employed 3 years in great Cotton-goods Manufacturing House in Germany and 2 years in Exporting Houses of Patros (Greece) speaking fluently Greek, looks for new engagement per 1st of October a.c.

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# EGYPTIAN RELIGION.

There *have* been orators who, before making an important speech, were wont to seek inspiration from a perusal of the pages of Johnson's Dictionary. The reviewer, with this precedent before him, may, therefore, safely commit this well-translated version of Professor Adolph Erman's Handbook to those who seek sermons in Egyptian stones, and good in everything pertaining to the ritualistic superstitions of the past. An attempt to epitomise in a few lines this book, which compresses into some 250 pages a history of Egyptian religion extending over 3,000 years, is like trying to gather the botanical characteristics of a country from the windows of an express train. It is the more difficult from the fact that the religion of the Egyptian was, like their own marvellous valley, ever receiving from an overflowing river, of superstition, fresh deposits to mingle with the old and render distinction of the various strata impossible. Funeral customs, the characteristic feature of Egyptian religion, were complicated enough during what is known as the "old Kingdom," but by the time the "middle Kingdom" is reached, Death, both for the survivors and the poor departed soul, must have been indeed a wearisome event, whilst to be *born* dead must have involved a nervous strain a trifle trying to an infant soul. For from the moment when ethics made their appearance in the Egyptian myth, and it was no longer the powerful and distinguished, but the upright and sinless, who were to triumph after death, the tribunal of Osiris was, for the aspirant to heavenly joys, no sinecure. Not only must the heart be weighed in the balance by Horus and Anubis to prove whether it be lighter than truth. That was a mere trifle in the anxieties to be endured, and was but the preliminary to long speeches of justification due to the forty-two judges of the forty-two provinces, who each had to hear the recital of forty-two sins that had *not* been committed by the suppliant. But though there was doubtless some difficulty in finding forty-two sins that had not been committed, sympathetic readers will be consoled to know that the soul was greatly aided in its search for justification if it could acknowledge that he or she had heard "that word which the ass spake with the cat," for that was considered a sure proof that he or she had been a faithful servant of Osiris and had taken part in the feasts and ceremonies.

But though Osiris presided over the tribunals of the dead, it was the goddess Isis, his faithful wife and the devoted mother of their son Horus, who, by contributing the human element of family virtue, maintained the homage of the living through the growing centuries. In critical Greece, in cultured Rome and even in the Christian Church of St. Ursula at Cologne, where a small statue of the unconquered Isis was in the Middle Ages adapted for one of the capitals of the pillars, the "eternal feminine" held sway. That this religion, which absorbed the lives and thoughts of so many millions of intelligent human beings should itself finally have been found lacking in the Osiris-scales of truth will incline the reader to agree with the Professor when he says, "It is not without sympathy that we acknowledge the fulfilment of the mournful prophecy.... that a time will come when it will appear as though it were for naught that the Egyptians piously and sedulously worshipped the Godhead . . . . for the Godhead will return from earth to heaven, and Egypt will be left desolate, and the land, which was the abode of religion, will no longer shelter the gods. . . O Egypt! Egypt! of thy religion only fables will survive, which will appear incredible to later races, and words only will remain upon the stones which record thy pious deeds" As a descriptive and well-illustrated catalogue of these pious deeds, and of the beliefs and customs attending the rise, growth, and dispersion of the original cult of the great Isis, this book should be of value to all who love Egypt—and museums.

* "A Handbook of Egyptian Religion." By Adolph Erman. Translated by A.S. Griffith. (London: Archibald Constable and Co.)

## A TRAGEDY OF LOVE.

In "Scarlet Azaleaas" (T. Fisher Unwin), Mr. H. De Vere Stacpoole has given us a captivating story in a pretty Japanese setting. The hero is a character who attracts as much by his faults as by his qualities of the heart. Dick Leslie has spent an unhappy existence as a "remittance man" in Australia, and when, on the death of his austere father, he comes into a substantial fortune, he seeks to wipe out the memory of the past amid more peaceful conditions in Japan. His interest centres in a pretty Japanese girl, whom, having found wandering "on the roads to Nikko," he had adopted and educated. Campanula grows into a charming young woman, and makes herself invaluable as director of Leslie's household. But the past is not to be buried. One day there comes to the "House of the Clouds" a European visitor, Jane Du Telle, who might have become Leslie's wife years before but for parental opposition. Instead, she is married to a merchant who has no soul above wool. The passion of byegone days returns to Leslie intensified by the intervening years of loneliness, and there follows a fierce inward fight between the temptation to elope with the object of his affection, and the feeling which impels him to consider the rights of the husband. Love in this case is stronger than right, and he is only saved from his purpose by the repentance of Jane, who, after having agreed to go away with him, returns instead to her husband. Campanula is in love with Leslie, and learns with despair of his intentions regarding the Englishwoman. We could have wished for a happier ending to the story, but it only remains to be said that the characters are skilfully drawn, and the author has shown himself to be possessed of a keen insight into human character.

# Calendar of Coming Events.

### ALEXANDRIA.

August.

Sat. 3 Alexandria Swimming Club. Boat leaves Marina. 3.15 p.m.
Mustapha Range B.R.C. (Alex.) 3rd class Challenge Cup Competition and practice. 2.30.
New Alhambra Theatre. "The Orchid," by the Lombardo troupe.
San Stefano Casino. Grand Symphony Concert Every afternoon at 5.30 p.m.
Windsor Hotel. Open-Air Concert by the Ludovic-Rivier orchestra 6 p.m. to midnight.
Fronton "Jai Alai" Pelote Basque. 6 p.m.
Urbanora Cinematographic Entertainments. 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
Cinemaphon Aziz and Dorès, old Ramleh Station 6.30 & 9.30.
Pathé Cinematographic entertainment. 6.30 and 9.30 p.m.
Bains du Mex Boheme Orchestra
Tour Eiffel. Variety Entertainment. 9.30.
Crown Casino, Ibrahimieh. Variety Entertainment. 9.30 p.m.
The Lifonti Concert Rooms. Grand Evening Concert. 9.30 p.m.

Sun. 4 San Stefano Casino Classical Concert.
Pigeon Shooting Club Gabbari. 2.30 p.m.
Pigeon Shooting. Champs Elysée 2.30 p.m.
Alhambra Theatre. Matinée. "The Orchid."
Tour Eiffel. Matinée. 4.45.
Eldorado. Matinée 4.30.
Cinemaphon Aziz & Dorès. Performances 4. 5.30, 6.45.

Tues. 6 Alexandria Cricket Ground. Shipping v. Banks. 2.30 p.m.

Sat. 10 Petrou Casino. International Typographic League. Ball. 9 p.m.

### CAIRO.

August.

Sat. 3 Esbekieh Gardens Theatre. 9.30. Theatre des Ambassadeurs 9.30.

Sun. 4 Zoological Gardens. Ghizeh Boys Band. Afternoon.

Mon. 5 "The Follies." Bandmann Company. Theatre Abbas. Opening night.

Tues 6 Esbekieh Gardens. Military Band 9 to 11.

Fri. 9 Esbekieh Gardens. Military Band 9 to 11.


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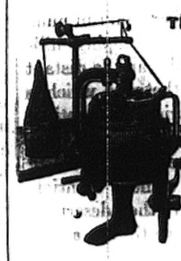

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# REVUE COMMERCIALE

### Coton.

Nous aurions bien voulu avoir une amélioration ou un commencement de changement pour le mieux à signaler, mais malheureusement la chose n'est nullement possible. Que la situation ait empirée, ce n'est pas le cas ; mais, en somme, la crise financière est toujours au même point et tant que l'horizon ne s'est pas éclairci de ce côté-là, les illusions ne sont pas permises. Il faut de l'argent pour recommencer les affaires et, comme nous l'avons déjà dit il y a huit jours, cet argent ne saurait commencer à nous rentrer qu'avec l'arrivée du produit de la nouvelle récolte qui, sans mettre fin d'une façon définitive à l'état des choses dont nous souffrons, n'en constituera pas moins un soulagement réel pour la place.

Fort heureusement, il n'y a pas beaucoup à attendre et deux mois sont vite passés.

Certes, le préambule qui précède n'est guère brillant, mais y a-t-il moyen de contester les faits ? Et comme le mal est déjà fait et le plus mauvais est dejà vu, il n'y a qu'à en prendre son parti et patienter. Nous ne retournerons sûrement pas de sitôt à l'état où nous nous trouvions avant la crise, mais, enfin, une amélioration partielle est toujours bonne et, comme dit plus haut, on peut légitimement espérer de la voir se produire en Octobre prochain.

Il est vrai que pour ce qui concerne le marché cotonnier en particulier la situation actuelle et le marasme qui règne ne sauraient se prolonger sans amener la baisse, et un avant-goût de cette éventualité nous l'avons déjà eu cette semaine ; mais qu'importe la baisse quand elle ne peut plus sérieusement nuire à la spéculation et qu'au fond elle ne ferait qu'assainir la situation en nous préparant un terrain favorable pour l'avenir ?

Mais trêve de réflexions sur un terrain aussi glissant et qui pourraient nous mener trop loin et parlons du marché.

Comme début, la première séance a été satisfaisante, à cause du maintien des cours, comme l'ont été aussi, sinon suffisamment, du moins relativement, les deux qui lui ont fait suite. Il est vrai que les prix de Mardi représentaient un recul de 1/16, mais dans l'état d'inaction presque absolue dans lequel nous nous trouvons une pareille fraction peut-elle compter pour quelque chose ?

Seulement, cette quasi fermeté n'a pas pu se maintenir dans la matinée de Mercredi quand le marché s'est trouvé en face de vendeurs sérieux et pour des quantités plutôt importantes. Résultat de la journée 7/32 de baisse. C'est encore la seule journée qui nous ait offert un peu d'activité.

Hier et aujourd'hui, la tenue a été quelque peu meilleure à cause de l'Amérique qui n'a cessé de nous venir en hausse ; mais comme résultat définitif pour les deux jours ce n'est qu'une reprise de 1/32 sur le minimum pratiqué, que nous avons à enregistrer.

Telle a été l'odyssée du Novembre. Quant à l'Août, il n'a guère fait parler de lui, n'a guère fluctué et clôture à 20 1/4 nominal, ce qui fait qu'il a perdu 1/8 depuis vendredi dernier, tandis que la baisse du Novembre a été de 1/4 de tallari.—

Du côté de la filature, il n'y a rien d'alléchant à signaler : l'abstention est toujours complète pour ce qui concerne la nouvelle récolte, ce qui s'explique d'ailleurs par les perspectives qu'elles nous offre actuellement. Nous reviendrons sur ce point.

Pour ce qui est de l'ancienne, on y opère de temps à autre, mais tout naturellement pour de petites quantités. D'ailleurs, il n'en saurait être autrement, car plus ou moins les exportateurs ont déjà engagé leur stock et sur le marché il n'y a presque plus rien à la vente pour pouvoir combiner éventuellement des affaires de quelque importance.

Ceci nous amène tout naturellement à dire quelques mots de la statistique de notre place. Un relevé officieux du stock a été fait au 31 Juillet et le résultat est que la Produce Association devra corriger ses chiffres en ajoutant 90,000 cantars aux recettes. C'est à peu près la quantité que nous avons nous-mêmes préconisée. Malgré cette augmentation, pourtant, le stock à fin Août ne sera pas plus grand que l'année dernière, avec cette différence qu'il est engagé à l'étranger et que des embarquements de Septembre l'absorberont au plus tôt. Quel dommage qu'une campagne aussi propice pour la consommation de l'Egyptien ait laissé des résultats aussi peu favorables à la place.

Nous avons fait allusion plus haut à l'état florissant de la récolte sur pied et le résumé de l'Alexandria General Produce Association, que nos lecteurs trouveront plus loin, leur en dit long sur ce sujet. Seulement, il est à noter que généralement, pour ne pas dire invariablement, les apparences sont toujours splendides à la fin Juillet et que les surprises désagréables ne nous viennent réellement qu'en Septembre. En attendant, pour le moment, la chaleur fait progresser la plante et cela est toujours un bon côté.

Les nouvelles d'Amérique ne sont nullement claires. Les fluctuations y sont rapides et soudaines et se succèdent à 24 ou 48 heures d'intervalle, ce qui fait que cet état des choses est fait précisément pour dérouter tout le monde. Heureusement que le rapport du Bureau d'Agriculture de Washington doit paraître ce soir ou demain, et il faut espérer que pour cette fois il sera tel qu'il pourra fixer le monde cotonnier sur la véritable situation de la récolte et donner une idée de ce que l'on peut en espérer.

Notre marché du disponible a été calme pendant toute la semaine, sauf un jour où il a surgi une demande relativement importante pour le Good fair Mit Affifi. Vu la rareté du choix, le classement en question s'en est vite ressenti en ce qui concerne le prix ; il a de suite monté de 1/4 de tallari. Du reste, c'est le seul changement dans les prix qui ait été remarqué sur la cote officielle de ce jour, tous les autres classements, en tous genres, étant restés inchangés.

Les exportations de la huitaine ont constitué une surprise des plus agréables pour notre place avec leur total de 8400 Balles, dépassant de près de 20 % les prévisions les plus optimistes. L'année dernière, le chiffre pour la semaine correspondante était de 5600 Balles.

Pour la semaine prochaine on prévoit aussi de bons embarquements, mais pas dans les mêmes proportions que cette semaine. En tous cas, nous serons au-dessus des 4500 Balles de l'année dernière.

Liverpool a encore été pour cette semaine assez favorable aux égyptiens disponibles en tant que ventes, mais sous le rapport des prix, le disponible n'a pas bougé du niveau de 10 13/16.

Les futurs, par contre, sont faibles et se présentent avec une baisse de quelques points, soit exactement 7/64 à la cote de 10 44/64.

Les Américains disponibles ont eu un assez bon courant d'affaires à Liverpool et pour ce qui est des prix, la hausse a été assez marquée. En effet, le Spot a clôturé à 7.26, soit 10 points d'amélioration, tandis que les livrables sont cotés ce soir à 676 pour l'Août-Septembre et 651 pour le Janvier-Février, ce qui fait respectivement 9 et 5 points de hausse.

Le Bank Holiday va nous laisser sans nouvelles de l'Angleterre jusqu'à Mardi, mais nous aurons toujours les avis de New-York pour nous fournir des préoccupations, surtout si le Rapport du Bureau n'est pas incolore.

### Graines de Coton

Les arrivages de la semaine ont été assez importants et presque égaux aux exportations, mais ce n'est pas de ce côté-là que nous avons eu la faiblesse qui a été constatée sur les cours du disponible. Ce sont les contrats seuls qui en ont été la cause et qui ont fait fléchir le prix de l'Août à P.T. 82-82 1/2.

La spéculation ne trouve plus de marché devant elle et la moindre réalisation venant de sa part influence la tendance dans le mauvais sens bien entendu. En tous cas, il n'y a rien de sérieux dans tout ce qui se passe en vieille récolte, étant donné que le flottant en Août se réduit désormais à quelques milliers d'ardebs, et la preuve en est l'insignifiance de la filière de ce matin.

Hull maintient son cours entre £ 8. 3/9 et 8. 5/-, mais au fond la demande est pour des quantités plus que limitées.

Les 3 mois sont relativement mieux tenus que l'ancienne récolte, mais la cote ne s'éloigne guère du niveau de 71 1/2 à 72.

L'Angleterre est ferme pour la nouvelle récolte, mais peu active. Le cours régnant est de £ 7. 1/3.

## Alexandria General Produce Association

### Section Cotonniere

RÉSUMÉ DES RÉPONSES REÇUES EN JUILLET 1907
N° 176

La récolte a été favorisée, durant le mois de juillet, d'une température exceptionnellement propice. La chaleur a été constante et la plante en a largement profité.

On signale, il est vrai, encore du retard dans certaines localités, mais dans l'ensemble, l'état de développement est presque partout aussi avancé que l'année dernière à cette époque.

Les plantes aussi ont un aspect sain et vigoureux et semblent en général plus chargées de fleurs et de noix.

Les vers ont été signalés un peu de tous les côtés; mais grâce aux mesures de nettoyage prescrites par le Gouvernement et qui ont été appliquées avec efficacité, les dégâts sont insignifiants.

L'eau, sauf peut-être dans quelques endroits isolés et éloignés, a été suffisante pour les besoins de l'irrigation.

Ceci se rapporte à la Basse-Egypte.

Quant à la Haute-Egypte et au Fayoum, les rapports reçus sont des plus satisfaisants : La récolte paraît même en avance sur l'année passée, les plantes sont dans un excellent état, avec abondance de fleurs et de noix et absence complète de vers.

L'eau, sans être abondante, a suffi jusqu'à présent.

Pour le Comité
Le Président en fonction
H. BINDERNAGEL.

Alexandrie, le 31 Juillet 1907.


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# CHRONIQUE FINANCIÈRE

Alexandrie, le 2 Août.

Bien que le marché n'ait pas présenté lundi la même animation qu'à la clôture de la semaine précédente et que pour les valeurs dirigeantes en particulier la cote ait été moins soutenue, on avait généralement l'intuition que la tendance était bonne. Il y avait des acheteurs en assez grand nombre, tandis que les vendeurs s'étaient pour la plupart éclipsés Cet état de choses que nous signalions dans notre bulletin du jour trouvait dès le lendemain sa consécration dans une hausse presque générale, et très appréciable sur certains titres. Les affaires, sans avoir l'envergure des mois d'hiver, étaient nombreuses et relativement importantes, si l'on prend en considération que nous sommes en pleine saison morte. On n'était pas d'accord, d'ailleurs, sur les motifs de l'amélioration : les uns n'y voyaient que l'attrait exercé sur l'épargne par les bas prix atteints, d'autres l'attribuaient aux rachats du découvert, d'autres enfin à une campagne de hausse. Ces bonnes dispositions s'accentuèrent le mercredi où beaucoup de titres furent achetés à de bons prix et où les vendeurs se tenaient plus que jamais sur la réserve. Il est vrai qu'un peu plus tard cette ardeur fit place au calme et que la cote subit une dépression générale, mais cela ne fut que momentané et la clôture eût lieu ce même jour ferme et en hausse. Sans préciser exactement la date de la réaction, ce qui eût été impossible, nous dîmes ce jour-là qu'un recul aurait probablement lieu au commencement du mois d'août. Ce ne fut pas le cas hier, car le mouvement de hausse, inauguré depuis quelques jours, ne fit que s'accentuer. Il y avait toutefois dans l'excitation de la corbeille quelque chose de factice qui faisait prévoir un revirement dans la tendance. Non seulement les transactions s'étaient ralenties, mais la cote avait été l'objet de manœuvres en clôture de la part des haussiers. Aussi nos prévisions n'ont-elles pas tardé à se réaliser et la réaction que nous avions fixée pour les premières séances du mois courant s'est produite ce matin, 2 Août. Toute la cote a débuté en baisse sensible, devant la disparition subite des acheteurs et l'insistance des vendeurs. Un peu plus tard, cependant, les choses se sont arrangées graduellement et la clôture a fini par avoir lieu peu au-dessous du niveau de la veille. Il n'en reste pas moins acquis que la situation n'est pas consolidée et que notre corbeille obéit aux moindres impulsions qui lui viennent soit du dehors soit de la haute finance locale. Quant aux affaires, elles ont été beaucoup moindres que les jours précédents.

Le résultat des fluctuations de la semaine se résume ainsi : sur une soixantaine de valeurs officiellement cotées à la bourse d'Alexandrie, 28 sont en hausse, 6 seulement en baisse et les autres demeurent stationnaires. Les fluctuations les plus remarquables sont une avance de 7/16 sur la National Bank à 19 7/8; de 10 fr. sur les Dividendes Tramways d'Alexandrie à 290, de 7/8 sur l'Alexandria Water à 11 1/2, de 9 fr. sur la Cassa di Sconto à 34, de 1 livre sur la part de fondateur Comptoir à 3, de 3/8 sur la Building Lands à 2 7/16, et de 1/2 livre sur la part de fondateur United à 2 1/4. Les Nungovich Hotels perdent 1 livre à 13. La Daïra Sanieh s'inscrit à 12 7/8 ex-coupon, contre 13 7/8 vendredi dernier. En baisse également les Jouissances Eaux du Caire de 185 à 182, la Béhéra de 20 1/4 à 20, les Sucreries de 40 à 35, l'Aboukir de 32 à 29. L'Agricole s'avance, au contraire, de 7 7/8 à 8 1/16, la Delta Light de 9 3/4 à 9 7/8, les Privilégiées Tramways de 136 à 137 1/2, les Markets de 26/3 à 27/6, la Salt and Soda de 17,3 à 17/6, l'Obligation Crédit Foncier de 301 à 304 l'ancienne et de 261 à 262 la nouvelle, la Banque d'Athènes de 107 à 111, la Delta Land de 1 7/16 à 1 11/16, l'Ordinary Khedivial Mail de 20/9 à 22, l'Investment de 7/16 à 1/2, la Land Bank de 6 13/16 à 7, les Estates de 1/2 à 5/8, le Comptoir de 2 3/8 à 2 11/16 l'action ancienne et de 2 5/16 à 2 5/8 la nouvelle, l'Union Foncière de 4 1/2 à 4 9/16, la Banque d'Orient de 114 1/2 à 116, l'Allotment de 1 7/8 à 2 1/8, les Ritz Hotels de 1/2 à 11/16, la Levico de 1/4 à 7/16 et la Zariffa de 3 à 3 1/8. Sur le reste de la cote il n'y a pas de changements à signaler.

La hausse de la Building Lands provient de la proposition du conseil d'administration d'affecter au rachat des actions actuellement dépréciées le montant de la réserve, les bénéfices reportés à nouveau de 1906 et les bénéfices devant résulter des rachats effectués. Le capital se compose actuellement de 104.500 actions de £ 4, dont 67,000 ont été émises avec une prime de £ 1. Il s'agirait de racheter au-dessous du pair une quantité de 12 à 13000 actions.

Ce qui prouve que toute activité transactionnelle en matière de terrains ruraux n'a pas disparu en ce temps de crise financière, c'est l'acquisition récemment faite par une société belge au capital de 16 millions de francs Cette société a acheté de la Daïra Dranet Pacha et de Mrs. Zervudachi une magnifique propriété de 9593 feddans, située dans le voisinage de Kafr-Dawar, pour le prix de 907.201 L.E. Le prix par feddan revient ainsi à 94 L.E. 569 mill. La propriété contient un vaste marché, une usine d'égrenage et d'autres constructions à el Ackrisha, ainsi que des pompes élévatoires, des charrues à vapeur et le bétail nécessaire. Ont pris part à la constitution de la Société Agricole de Kafr Dawar, les sociétés suivantes : Société Agricole et Industrielle d'Egypte, Compagnie Immobilière d'Egypte, Compagnie Agricole du Nil, Egyptian Enterprise and Development Company, et Gharbieh Land Company. Cinq villages existent dans cette vaste propriété : Zincani Bardallah, Wastanieh, Ackricha, Garragha et Boulin.

Comme nous l'avons dit à plusieurs reprises, le marché de Londres, s'il n'a pas occasionné la hausse, y a contribué par le soutien des valeurs égyptiennes. C'est ainsi que l'Agricole gagne 1/8 à 8 1/8, la National Bank 3/8 à 19 3/4 et la Delta Light 1/8 à 10. La Daïra cote 13 ex-coupon contre 13 3/4 vendredi passé. En ce qui concerne le taux d'escompte et le Consolidé, il n'y a pas lieu d'être aussi satisfait. Tandis que le taux privé hausse de 1/8 à 3 3/4, le Consolidé perd 1/2 livre 82 7/8. Quant à la proportion de la réserve aux engagements de la Banque d'Angleterre, elle ne diffère que de 1/4 % de celle de la semaine dernière : elle est de 46 7/8 contre 47 1/8 % vendredi passé.

A Paris, le Crédit Foncier perd 5 fr. à 685, tandis que la Land Bank bénéficie de 11 fr. à 184 et le Crédit Franco-Egyptien de 2 fr. 50 à 105.50. La Rente Française perd 3 points à 95.07 et l'Unifiée 1 fr. 10 à 103.50.

Il résulte de ces chiffres que les valeurs égyptiennes sont en général très soutenues sur les marchés européens, mais que l'argent tend plutôt à renchérir. Nous allons voir tout à l'heure que ce dernier point a son importance.

En effet, il est essentiel pour l'avenir du marché que le taux d'intérêt ne s'élève pas, et dans ce but il est indispensable que la Banque d'Angleterre maintienne ou même augmente la proportion de sa réserve. Pour cela bien des conditions sont requises qu'il sera difficile d'obtenir. En premier lieu les banques anglaises doivent s'opposer à l'exportation exagérée de l'or en Amérique. Sur ce point le gouvernement de Washington a promis de fournir aux banques américaines les sommes nécessaires à la négociation de la récolte, à la condition que Wall Street se maintienne dans de justes limites de spéculation pendant les deux mois qui vont suivre. Bien qu'elle soit subordonnée à une condition difficile à remplir, la promesse du gouvernement américain n'en est pas moins rassurante. Pour se rendre compte combien il est important que tout l'or ne soit pas en un pareil moment absorbé par les Etats-Unis, il suffit de se rappeler que dans deux mois l'Egypte aura besoin de fortes sommes pour sa récolte cotonnière. Il est vrai que les banques locales ont déjà pris, on l'assure du moins, les mesures que commande la situation ; mais un drainage de l'or par l'Amérique pourrait entraver ces mesures et compliquer la situation financière égyptienne qui est déjà passablement embrouillée. En admettant que l'or ne fît pas défaut, le taux d'intérêt en tous cas ne manquerait pas d'être augmenté dans des proportions inquiétantes. Qui ne se souvient que déjà l'année passée les banques locales demandaient à un moment donné 8 1/2 % et quelques-unes jusqu'à 10 %? Il faut donc souhaiter que rien ne vienne plus compliquer la situation. L'arrangement sur lequel on comptait entre Manchester et les maisons du Caire qui ont dû déposer leurs bilans n'a malheureusement pas abouti jusqu'à présent. D'autres demandes de concordats préventifs ont été présentées aux tribunaux tant au Caire qu'à Alexandrie et dans le nombre figurent des firmes très importantes. On ne sait pas, hélas ! où s'arrêtera cette débâcle. Aussi n'est-ce pas sans une certaine surprise, mêlée d'espoir, que beaucoup ont assisté à la reprise du marché. Une accentuation prononcée de la hausse pourrait en effet sauver bien du monde.

Mais si tel ne doit pas être le cas, pourquoi se faire des illusions ? Ne vaut-il pas mieux procéder graduellement et sûrement que de se précipiter au risque de tout perdre. C'est aux partisans du rétablissement du marché à terme que nous nous adressons ici. Sans doute nous ne prétendons pas nier qu'un tel marché n'ait son utilité ; au contraire, il fournit un appoint nécessaire à la spéculation en modérant la hausse aussi bien que la baisse. Mais puisque le marché à terme qui rend de si précieux services lorsqu'il est bien organisé a été ici la cause principale de la ruine actuelle, c'est qu'il est défectueux et qu'il a besoin d'etre soigneusement réglementé. Avant donc de songer à le rétablir, qu'on le revise minutieusement et qu'on le soumette à un contrôle, afin de prévenir de nouveaux abus et une débâcle pire, si possible, que celle dont nous avons naguère été les témoins.

## DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

### ALEXANDRIA

Kom-el-Nadoura Observatory.

| | |
|---|---|
| Direction of wind | N.N.W. |
| Force of Anemometer | 25 |
| State of Sea | Slight |
| Barometer corrected | 758 |
| Evaporation | 4 |
| State of Clouds | Clear |
| During 24 hours ending 8 a.m. — Max. Temp. in the shade | 31 |
| Min. do. do. | 24.3 |
| Humidity of the air | 77 |
| Heat of the sun | 50 |

Moon rises 12.30 a.m.
" sets 2.17 p.m.

REMARKS.

There is no change in the weather conditions. The morning opened clear with a light N.N.W. breeze and a steady barometer.


NUMBERING MACHINES AND DATING STAMPS
J. MARGOSCHES
CAIRO — BULAC ROAD
STATIONERY ENGRAVING AND PRINTING OFFICE



# Cold Settles in Kidneys Pe-ru-na Restores Health

## Catarrh of the Kidneys An Insidious Disease.

## Many People Have it in Slight Form and Do Not Know It.

MR. ISAAC ROSENZVEIG.

Mr. Isaac Rosenzveig, 9 Dumarais street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"About three years ago, I suffered with a bad cold. It settled in the *bladder and kidneys*, causing *serious trouble*.

"I tried several advertised remedies, but it was *Peruna* which finally cured me, and I had taken only a few bottles.

"I feel that it saved me, and it certainly *restored* me to such *perfect health* as I had not known in years.

"I have good reason to give your remedy my highest endorsement. It cleaned out the system, leaving me well and strong and feeling better than I have in years."

CATARRH of the kidneys is a very much neglected disease.

It is not until the disease has a firm hold upon the kidneys that the patient begins to realize that there is some derangement of these organs.

The slight backaches, the feelings of lassitude, and other warning symptoms of kidney disease are overlooked.

They are not serious enough to detain the patient from his regular work.

INTERNAL CATARRH REACHES THE KIDNEYS.

Even when he discovers that the kidneys are affected, he does not recognize the difficulty as being caused by catarrh.

Catarrh is sometimes so very gradual in its approach and its earlier symptoms cause such slight discomfort that it is not noticed.

However, when it is once firmly seated in the kidneys it becomes a difficult disease to exterminate.

Indeed, catarrh of the kidneys is more serious than catarrh affecting some of the other organs of the body.

In the kidneys it is liable to terminate in Bright's Disease or diabetes, both of which are recognized as very serious ailments, if not fatal.

The thing to be done, when catarrh of the kidneys is discovered, is to take some internal, systemic catarrh remedy, one that reaches the very source of the catarrh and removes the cause of the difficulty.

Such a remedy has been found in Peruna. It reaches catarrh, no matter where it may be located in the body—whether in the more exposed membranes of the nose and throat, or whether in the remotest part of the kidneys.

PE-RU-NA AN INTERNAL CATARRH REMEDY.

That Peruna is at once the safest and most reliable remedy for catarrh of the kidneys is proven by the many testimonials written by those who have experienced its benefits.

The testimonials given here are only specimens of the many testimonials on our records, pertaining to the relief afforded by Peruna in severe cases of kidney trouble.

**Kidney Disease of Long Standing.**

Mr. Samuel A. Paxton, 1113 Troost Ave., Kansas City, Mo., member I. O. O. F., and National Annuity Association, writes: "I am a well man today, thanks to Peruna. I was troubled with catarrh and kidney disease of long standing when I first began using Peruna."

For special directions everyone would read "The Ills of Life," a copy, of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists.

The following wholesale druggist will supply the supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.

E. DEL MAR.



# The Standard Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

Head Office:—3, George Street, Edinburgh

| | |
|---|---|
| ACCUMULATED FUNDS | £ 11,750,000 |
| ANNUAL REVENUE | £ 1,475,000 |
| LAIMS PAID | £ 25,000,000 |

LOCAL BOARD FOR EGYPT:
S. R. COOKSON, Esq., Manager, Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited, Cairo.
E. A. HARRISON, Esq., General Manager, Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, (Egypt) Ltd. [14-11-906

Head Office for Egypt: Standard Buildings, Cairo.

BABER, MIZRAHI & Co., *Chief Agents for Alexandria.*
3 Rue Matrah, Immeuble Galletti.

A. V. THOMSON
*Secretary for Egypt*



# YORKSHIRE INSURANCE Co.

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# JOHN FOWLER Co., (LEEDS) LTD.,

*ESTABLISHED 1850.*

THE OLDEST & LARGEST MANUFACTURERS IN THE WORLD OF
**STEAM PLOUGHING MACHINERY**
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AND FOR ALL SOILS.

Over 35 years experience IN ALL PARTS OF EGYPT where our steam ploughing tackles are in constant use and giving the greatest satisfaction.

The only makers of steam ploughing machinery who manufacture their own STEEL WIRE ROPES.

FOWLER'S STEAM PLOUGHING TACKLES are the strongest, best designed and best proportioned in all their parts, therefore they are the most economical.

Experience of over half a century in all parts of the world.

ALLEN, ALDERSON & Co., Ltd
*AGENTS.*

ALEXANDRIA — CAIRO — KHARTOUM. 29783-14-6-907



**Messrs. McLAREN**, Engineers, of Leeds, England, have sold a large number of **Steam Ploughs** and **Kassabiehs** in Egypt this year. Everyone who has land to cultivate, or to level, should see them at work. Amongst the purchasers are His Highness Prince Hussein Kamel Pacha, His Highness Prince Halim ; The Wardan Estates Company have purchased seven Machines, Messrs. Zagdoun Freres two Machines, also Messrs. Jatrodakis, Bushrahanna, Alexandre Kouri Haddad, Mr. R. P. McGillivray, etc.

They can be seen at work any time on application to Mr. Peter McLaren, our permanent representative in Egypt, at Shepheard's Hotel, Cairo, or to our Agents, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son (Egypt) Ltd., Boulac Engine Works, Cairo. Full information may also be obtained from Messrs. J. & H. McLAREN, Midland Engine Works, Leeds, England.

# "INVESTMENTS."

"INVESTMENTS" introduces, in an entirely original manner, new and important methods for the employment of and the means of obtaining capital. Among the

**SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED ARTICLES**

are "Stock Markets and How to Profit by Them"; "Theory of Successful Speculation"; "How to start an Account"; "The Advantages of 'Call Options'"; "Contangoing Mining and Industrial Securities"; "How to Invest in Mines"; "American Rails, with Points for Operators in Yankees"; "The Purchase of Investment Securities by Instalments"; "General Principles for Investors"; "Rules for Investors in Mines"; "General Principles for Speculators"; "Stock Exchange Terms," being a glossary for Market Operators; "Stock Exchange Parlance"; "Insurance, as a Means of Making, Raising, and Saving Money," and "Colonial Building Land: Its Great Possibilities."

"Investments" (148 pages) sent Post Free on mentioning "Egyptian Gazette."

**LONDON & PARIS EXCHANGE**

LIMITED,

GENERAL BANKERS.

BASILDON HOUSE, BANK, LONDON, E.C.


## Circulaire H. De Vries et Boutigny

### NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le Caire, Vendredi 2 Août.

Le taux de l'escompte libre à Londres a haussé de 1/8 à 3 3/4 pour cent.

Au Stock Exchange, le Consolidé anglais a baissé hier de 1/4 à 82 7/8. L'Unifiée est restée invariée à 101 1/2. La National Bank a réactionné de 3/8 à 19 3/4. L'Agricole a fléchi de 1/8 à 8 1/8. La Daïra Sanieh s'est inscrite à 13 ex-coupon. La Delta Light s'est maintenue à 10.

A Paris, le Crédit Foncier Egyptien a perdu 1 franc à 686. La Banque d'Athènes a gagné 2 francs à 111. Les Lots Turcs ont haussé de 1 franc à 165.

***

Ici, notre marché restant à juste titre favorablement impressionné par les achats de placement que nos capitalistes se décident enfin à opérer, a conservé en dépit de la réaction sur la National Bank, à Londres, une tendance à la hausse très caractérisée. Au début nos grandes valeurs ont bien quelque peu fléchi pour se mettre en harmonie avec les cours pratiqués en Europe, mais de nouveaux acheteurs se présentant elles ont clôturé à peu près invariées.

Il est à retenir surtout que pour la première fois depuis assez longtemps l'animation s'est portée sur les valeurs purement locales qui ont amplement bénéficié de ce retour de faveur. De nombreux acheteurs n'ont pu trouver les quantités qu'ils demandaient ; aussi les plus-values enregistrées en clôture ont-elles été plus sérieuses qu'à l'ordinaire.

La tendance reste favorable.

Dans le compartiment des Banques, la National Bank a faibli à 19 7/8 après avoir fléchi à 19 3/4. L'Agricole s'est tassée à 8 1/16.

Parmi les autres valeurs, la Daïra Sanieh est revenue à 13 1/8 ex-coupon. Les obligations anciennes du Crédit Foncier ont molli à 306-307. L'Allotment a été très recherché à 2 5/16 en hausse de 3/16. Les Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux ont haussé à 1 7/8 et leur part a bondi à P. T. 50.

Le groupe des Hôtels a été calme, à part les Upper Egypt qui se sont relevés à 2 11/16-3/4 et les Ritz qui se sont alourdis à 11/16-3/4.

Les petites valeurs ont été plutôt mouvementées à la suite d'actives transactions. La Delta Land a fini à 1 11/16. Les Estates ont été ramenés à 0 5/8-11/16. Les New Egyptian ont haussé à 14/3 ainsi que les Egyptian Constructions à 0 3/8-7/16.

***

Le marché des valeurs étant fermé les samedis pendant la saison d'été, le prochain numéro de notre Circulaire ne paraîtra que le lundi 5 Août courant.

***

Nous extrayons du rapport du conseil d'administration de la Société Anonyme des Grands Garages d'Egypte, les renseignements suivants :

" Il y a lieu de rappeler que le premier exercice de la Société n'a compris que onze mois et a été surtout une période d'organisation. Les locaux étaient insuffisants et mal aménagés ; aussi la Société a-t-elle fait l'acquisition d'un terrain de 1,500 m.c. à un prix très avantageux, sur lequel elle a fait construire bâtiment répondant à tous les besoins d'un garage. Malgré les difficultés sérieuses d'exploitation, les résultats de l'exercice ont été très satisfaisants.

Les bénéfices nets pour le garage du Caire pour l'exercice clos le 31 Mars 1907, s'élèvent à L.E. 3,100.678 m/m. Mais l'exploitation à Alexandrie ayant laissé une perte de L. E. 1,540,996 m/m., le bénéfice net se solde par L.E. 1,619,682 m/m. que le conseil a proposé de répartir comme suit : 1°. Conformément aux statuts, 5 % à la réserve, soit L. Eg. 80.984 m/m. ; 2°. Un dividende de P. T. 7 par action, soit L.E. 1,400.000 m/m. ; 3°. Reporter à nouveau L.E. 138.698 m/m.

Le conseil d'administration ne s'est alloué aucune rémunération malgré le travail continu nécessité par l'organisation des garages, et ce, étant donné que les gagages de la Société n'étaient pas en pleine exploitation pendant l'exercice écoulé.

***

Le bilan du premier exercice de l'Agricultural Bank de Chypre comprenant une période de huit mois jusqu'au 30 Juin 1907, a montré le grand développement que prennent les affaires de la Société.

Le montant des prêts à courte durée s'est élevé à £ 233. Celui des prêts à longue période à £ 41,063.10. Le nombre des débiteurs est de 961, ce qui donne une moyenne d'environ £ 43 par prêt.

Les intérêts des prêts représentent une somme de £ 26,089.92.

Les propriétaires de l'île commencent à comprendre les grands avantages que leur offre l'Agricultural Bank, qui dispose d'un capital encore considérable pour faire face aux exigences des agriculteurs lors de la prochaine saison d'hiver.

***

La situation monétaire a fait l'objet de déclarations très intéressantes de la part de sir Felix Schuster à l'assemblée semestrielle de l'Union of London and Smiths Bank.

Parlant de la baisse des valeurs : Diverses raisons, a-t-il dit, ont été données pour expliquer la dépréciation des valeurs en général, et des fonds d'Etat anglais en particulier. Cette dépréciation des valeurs de placement s'est manifestée plus ou moins dans toutes les Bourses du monde. Deux grandes guerres, qui ont détruit d'immenses capitaux ont provoqué d'énormes emprunts ; la naissance et le développement d'industries et d'inventions nouvelles, spécialement en fait de locomotions, ont amené de vastes demandes sur les marchés monétaires ; des conditions climatériques favorables, la mise en valeur de nouveaux espaces consacrés à l'agriculture et un commerce actif dans les pays tels que l'Inde, les Etats-Unis, le Canada et la République Argentine, ont mis à une rude épreuve les communications par chemins de fer dans ces pays et réclamé des capitaux pour construire des lignes nouvelles et mieux outiller celles qui existent.

Les cours des objets nécessaires à la vie ont monté de beaucoup et une grande quantité de capitaux a été appelée par le commerce où un emploi avantageux leur était assuré : les valeurs de placement ont par suite trouvé moins de disponibilités. Ce sont là des faits qu'on peut observer dans tous les grands pays industriels où à développement rapide.

## SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

### ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR

ARRIVALS.

August 2.

Emp. Nicolas, Rus. s. Capt. Bourakoff, Odessa and Piræus, Cie Russe.

Achaia, Germ. s Capt. Brumnes, Rotterdam and Tripoli, Lambert and Ralli.

August 3.

Persian Prince, Brit. s. Capt. Jones, Antwerp and Malta, Grace and Co.

Bosforo, Ital. s. Capt. Claves, Venice and Brindisi, Florio-Rubattino.

DEPARTURES.

August 2.

Niger, French s. Capt. Henri, Marseilles.

Foria, French s. Capt. Rival, Barcelona and Marseilles.

Southport, Brit. s. Capt. Smith, Odessa, in ballast.

Khephren, Brit. s. Capt. Muir, Liverpool.

Creole Prince, Brit. s. Capt. Noonan, Malta and Manchester.

## CEREAL MARKET.

ROD EL FARAG.—(Yesterday's Prices.)

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | Tugari Baladi | Ard. | P.T. | 94 | to | 9 |
| „ | Middling. | „ | „ | 118 | „ | 119 |
| „ | Mawani | „ | „ | 128 | „ | 13 |
| „ | Tugari Saidi | „ | „ | 110 | „ | 112 |
| Beans | Tugari | „ | „ | 102 | „ | 103 |
| „ | Zawati Saidi | „ | „ | 110 | „ | 112 |
| „ | Nabati | „ | „ | 115 | „ | 117 |
| „ | Old | „ | „ | — | „ | — |
| Lentils | Tugari | „ | „ | 100 | „ | 102 |
| „ | Nekadi | „ | „ | 112 | „ | 115 |
| „ | Zawati | „ | „ | 125 | „ | 127 |
| Barley | Tugari | „ | „ | 73 | „ | 74 |
| „ | Zawati | „ | „ | 77 | „ | 8 |
| „ | Shami | „ | „ | — | „ | — |
| „ | Mariuti | „ | „ | — | „ | — |
| Dura | Shami | „ | „ | 75 | „ | 76 |
| „ | Rafia | „ | „ | — | „ | — |
| Helba | | „ | „ | — | „ | — |
| „ | Zawati | „ | „ | — | „ | — |

CEREALS IN BOAT AT SAHEL

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat | Ard. | 12,000 |
| Beans | „ | 13,000 |
| Lentils | „ | 1,000 |
| Barley Baladi | „ | 800 |
| Dura Shami | „ | — |
| Dura Rafia | „ | — |
| Helba | „ | — |


## Cheap Prepaid Advertisements.

Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates :—

| | ONCE | 3 TIMES | 6 TIMES |
|---|---|---|---|
| 15 words | P.T. 5 | P.T. 10 | P.T. 15 |
| 30 words | „ 8 | „ 16 | „ 24 |
| Every 10 words, beyond 30. | „ 2 | „ 4 | „ 6 |

The address is counted. The advertisemen must appear on consecutive days for above rates to be obtained. 50% extra is charged, he advertisements not appearing consecutively.

**All such advertisements must be prepaid, and to this rule no exception whatever will be made. Letters in reply to advertisements will be posted to any address if a few stamps are sent by the advertiser to cover postage.**

AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIE AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER.— a useful business directory containing addresses of all important business firms of Great Britain, the Continent, and Egypt, Circulating all over Europe and America. Price—One pound Sterling. Post Free. AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL HOTEL GUIDE sent post free to all first class Hotels throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers.

ARGYLL MOTORS. Special Representative of these celebrated cars now in Alexandria with particulars and photos of latest 20 patterns. Lowest cash price quoted. Any standard pattern can be delivered within one month from order, commercial vehicles also Apply No. 30715 "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30715-3-3

BED-ROOMS, well furnished, to let in English family Ibrahimieh. Board optional No. 30732 "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30732-6-1

CHAMBRE MEUBLÉE avec ou sans pension Rue d'Allemagne No. 26, Alexandrie. 30716-6-3

ENGLISH LADY (diplomée) wishes to give private English lessons. Write E. G. "Egyptian Gazette," Cairo. 30735-6-1

IBRAHIMIEH. House to let, 7 rooms between station and seashore. Apply No. 30710 "Egyptian Gazette, Alexandria. 30710-6-4

ON DEMANDE un associé avec petit capital dans un commerce lucratif. Ecrire Q. Z poste restante, Alexandrie. 30714-6-3

THE "SPHINX" PRINTING PRESS, the British Printers, Khedivial Buildings, Boulac Road, Cairo. 30232-9-5-908

TO LET, a furnished room in an English Family. Moderate terms. No. 30703, "Egyptian Gazette," Alexandria. 30703-6 6

WANTED, in private family English or French, by Englishman bedroom, meals, etc. and use of piano, Moderate terms. Apply B. Z. "Egyptian Gazette," Cairo. 30734-3-1


## Prix Officiels du Disponible

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fair | Mit Afifi. | Tal. | — /— |
| Fully fair | „ | „ | — /— |
| Good Fair | „ | „ | 19 7/8 |
| Fully good fair | „ | „ | 20 3/8 |
| Good | „ | „ | 21 3/8 |
| Fair | Haute-Egypte | „ | — /— |
| Fully fair | „ | „ | — /— |
| Good fair | „ | „ | 19 1/8 |
| Fully good fair | „ | „ | 19 5 8 |
| Good | „ | „ | 20 3/8 |
| 2me Qualité Abassi | Tall. | — /— @ | — /— |
| 1re „ „ „ | | — /— „ | — /— |
| Extra „ „ „ | | — /— „ | — /— |
| 2me Qualité Ioanovich | „ | 28 /— „ | — /— |
| 1re „ „ „ | | 29 /— „ | — /— |
| Extra „ „ „ | | — /— „ | — /— |

## BOURSE KHEDIVIALE

CONTRATS

Fluctuations de 9h.30 a.m. à 1h. p.m.

*Cotons F.G.F.Br.*

Dans la matinée ; prix plus haut pour août talaris 20 1/4 à —/— ; novembre 20 7/16 a —/— , plus bas pour août 20 1/4 à —/— ; novembre 20 7/16 a —/—.

*Graines de coton*

Dans la matinée ; prix plus haut pour août P.T. 82 1/2 à —/— ; plus bas pour août 82 1/2 à —/—.

REMARQUES

(De midi à 1h. p.m.)

Coton.—Le calme a continue a dominer mais la baisse n'a pas fait de nouveaux progres. La tendance est toutefois pour la faiblesse.

Graines de coton.—Marche inactif et cours nominaux.

Bourse Khédiviale, le 2 août 1907.

## COTONS

copie de la dépêche
DE L'ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION
à la
LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khediviale à 10h.15 a.m.)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tal. 20 3/8 | Livraison | Août | |
| „ 20 17/32 | „ | Novembre | |
| „ 20 5/8 | „ | Janvier | |
| „ 20 15/16 | „ | Mars | |

Marché quiet

Arrivages de ce jour, à Minet-el-Bassal, can. —

Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khéd. à 12h. m.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tal. 20 1/4 | Livraison | Août | |
| „ 20 15/32 | „ | Novembre | |
| „ 20 17/32 | „ | Janvier | |
| „ 20 29/32 | „ | Mars | |

Marche steady

## MARCHE DE MINET-EL-BASSAL

3 août 1907.—(11h.50 a.m.)

*Cotons.*—Clôture du marche du 2 août : Calme

La semaine finit : Marche calme, peu d'affaires.

BEURRES

Fair et Fully Fair, rien

Good Fair, tal. 19 7/8 soit 1/4 de hausse

Fully Good Fair, tal. 20 3/8 soit sans changement

Good, tal. 21 3/8 soit changement

HAUTE-EGYPTE ET FAYOUM

Fair et Fully Fair, rien

Good Fair, tal. 19 1/8 soit sans changement

Fully Good Fair, tal. 19 5/8 soit sans changement

Good, tal. 20 3/8 soit sans changement

JOANNOVICH

Fully Good Fair, tal. 28 soit sans changement

Good, tal, 19 soit sans changement

Extra, rien

Etat du marche de ce jour, cot. : Marche nul

Les arrivages de ce jour se chiffrent par can. 40 contre même jour l'année précédente can. 223.

*Graines de coton.*—Sans changement

| | Disponible | Ticket |
|---|---|---|
| Mit-Afifi—80 | | Rien |
| Haute-Egypte.—79 | | Rien |

*Blés.*—Fermes

*Qualité Saïdi.*—Cond. Saha P.T. 105 à 110

„ *Béhéra* : „ „ „ 100 „ 105

*Fèves.*—Sans affaires

*Saïdi* : Disponible.—

*Fayoum* : Disponible.—

*Qualité Saïdi.* Cond. Saha P.T. 100 à 105

„ *Béhéra* „ „ „ — „ —

*Lentilles.*—Sontenues

Disponible : Rien

Cond. Saha P.T. 110 à 115

*Orges.*—Calmes

„ Cond. Saha P.T. 60 à 65

*Maïs.*—Sans changement

Disponible : Rien.

„ Cond. Saha P.T. 70 à 75

| Exportations du 2 août | | | dep. le | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Coton | Bal. | 1551 | Bal. | — |
| Gr. de cot. | Ard, | 5295 | Ard. | — |
| Fèves | „ | — | „ | — |

CHARBONS

Stock à Alexandrie, à terre et en voie de débarquement, Tonnes 40,000.

*Les prix suivants ont été pratiqués ce jour :*

COTON
C.M.B.
(BASSE-EGYPTE)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Province Béhéra | | | |
| Damanhour | De P.T. | 350 | à 400 |
| Province Garbieh | | | |
| Kafr-Zayat | De P.T. | — | à — |
| Tantah | „ „ | 380 | „ 410 |
| Province Menoufieh | | | |
| Menouf | De P.T. | — | à — |
| Province Galioubieh | | | |
| Benha | De P.T. | — | à — |

SECTION DES GRAINES ET CEREALES

| PRIX FRANCO.STATION : | DISPONIBLE | | TICKET |
|---|---|---|---|
| Graines de coton Afifi | P.T. 80 | — à | P.T. — |
| „ Haute-Egypte | „ 79 | — „ | „ — |

## ARRIVAGES

du samedi 3 août 1907

Documents de l'"Alexandria General Produce Assoc."

| | CHEMINS DE FER | BARQUES |
|---|---|---|
| Cotons S/B | 5 | — |
| Graines de coton sacs | — | — |
| Blés Saïdi | — | — |
| „ Béhéra | 227 | — |
| Fèves Saïdi | 150 | — |

*Cotons.*—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembr 1906 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars 6,861,910

*Graines de coton.*—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1906 jusqu'à ce jour Ard. 4,116,724

Contre même jour en 1906 :

| | BARQUES ET CHEMINS DE FERS | |
|---|---|---|
| Coton | S/B | 37 |
| Graines de coton | sacs | 466 |
| Blés Saïdi | „ | 24 |
| „ Béhéra | „ | 762 |
| Fèves Saïdi | „ | 42 |

*Cotons.*—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembr 1905 jusqu'à ce jour, cantars 5,876,344

*Graines de coton.*—Total des arrivages depuis le 1er septembre 1905 jusqu'à ce jour ardebs 3,559,963

CONTRATS, (11 h. 55 a.m.)
Cours de la Bourse de Minet-el-Bassal

*Coton F.G.F.Br.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Novembre | Tal. | 20 15/32 | à — |
| Janvier | „ | 20 17/32 | „ — |
| Mars | „ | 20 29/32 | „ — |
| Août | „ | 20 1/4 | „ — |

*Graines de coton*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Novembre-Decembre-Jan. | P.T. | 71 35/40 | à — |
| Août | „ | 83 20/40 | „ — |

REMARQUES :

*Coton.*—Récolte actuelle, - Marche nul.

*Graines de coton.*—Récolte actuelle.—Marche nul.

*Fèves-Saïdi.*—Recolte actuelle.—Marche nul.

## EXTERIEUR

Dépêches particulières du 2 août 1907

PRODUITS EGYPTIENS

LIVERPOOL

*Coton.—Etat du Marché.*—100

*Disponible.*—10 13/16

*Futurs.*—août : 10 44/64 (2/64 de hausse)

LIVERPOOL

*Graines de coton.*—Calmes

*Fèves.*—Sans affaires

HULL

*Graines de coton.*—Soutenues

*Fèves.*—Marche nul

LONDRES

*Graines de coton.*—Sans changement

COTON AMERICAIN

LIVERPOOL

Futurs août-sept. : 6.76 (1 point de baisse)

„ jan.-fév. : 6.51 (2 points de baisse)

Disponible : 7.28 (2 points de hausse)

NEW-YORK

Middling Upland : 13.25 (25 points de hausse)

Futurs août : 11.56 (3 points de hausse)

„ janvier : 12.21 (9 points de hausse)

Arrivages du jour, balles 1,000

Contre meme jour l'année derniere, balles 2,800

Rapport du Bureau pour juillet : condition de la plante 75 % contre 82 9/10.

## DERNIERE HEURE

(Clôture de la Bourse Khédiviale 12 h. p.m.)

Cours de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises

*Coton F.G.F.Br.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Novembre | Tal. | 20 15/32 | à — 1/2 |
| Janvier | „ | 20 17/32 | „ — 9/16 |
| Mars | „ | 20 29/32 | „ — 15/16 |
| Août | „ | 20 1/4 | „ — N. |

*Graines de coton*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nov.-Dec.-Jan. | P.T. | 71 35/40 | à 72 — |
| Août | „ | 83 20/40 | „ — — |

## BOURSE DU CAIRE

Le Caire, le 2 Aout 1907.

### Banques

| | | Actions Obligations | Jouissances Fondateurs |
|---|---|---|---|
| National Bank of Egypt | £ | 19 7/8 | |
| Agricultural Bank of Egypt | £ | 8 1/16 | 850 |
| Banque d'Athènes | Fcs. | 107-108 | |
| Cassa di Sconto | Frs. | 34 — | |
| „ Nouv. Emis. | Frs. | — — | |
| Land Bank | £ | 7 3/16-1/4 | 70 n. |
| Comptoir Financ. & Comm. | £ | 2 3/4 | 2 |
| Banque d'Abyssinie | £ | 5 — | |
| Banque d'Orient | Frs. | 112 — | ex.c. |
| Sté Générale Egyptienne | Frs. | 230 — | 30 |
| H. de Vries & Boutigny Ltd. | £ | 1-1 1/16 | 5 |

### Chemins de Fer

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alex. & Ramleh Railway | £ | 4 1/2 | |
| „ oblig. 5 o/o | £ | 102 — | |
| Delta Light Railway | £ | 9 3/4-7/8 | 8 3/4 |
| Lots Turcs obligations | Frs. | 164 — | |

### Societes des Eaux

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alexandria Water Company | £ | 11 1/4 | |
| Eaux du Caire part capital | Frs. | 112 — | 184-185 |
| Eaux de Tantah | £ | 7 1/2 | |

### Societes Foncieres

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Daira Sanieh Nouvelle | £ | 13 1/8 ex.c. | 100 |
| Crédit Foncier Egyptien | Frs. | 690 — | 850 |
| Crédit Fon. ob. 3 o/o à Lots | Frs. | 306-307 | |
| Cr. Foncier ob. Nouv. Emis. | Frs. | 260 — | |
| Cr. Foncier ob. 3 1/2 o/o | Frs. | 500 — | |
| Soc. Agricole & Ind. 5 o/o | Frs. | 872 — | 1030 |
| Société Agricole & Ind. 4 o/o | Frs. | 475 — | |
| Caisse Hyp. d'Egypte | Frs. | 610 — | 1100 |
| Société Anonyme du Behera | L.E. | 20 1/4 | |
| Ste An. du Behera obligat. | L.E. | 4 1/8 n. | |
| Societe Fonciere d'Egypte | L.E. | 31 — | |
| Delta Land Company | £ | 1 11/16 | |
| Wardan Estate | £ | 4 3/4 n. | 7 1/2 |
| Nile Land | £ | 13 n. | 80 n. |
| Egyptian Estates Limited | £ | 0 5/8-11/16 | 4-4 1/8 |
| Union Fonciere | £ | 4 5/8 | 25 |
| Anglo-Eg. Land Allotment | L.E. | 2 3/16 | P.T. 52 |
| Gharbieh Land | L.E. | 3 — | L.E. 1 |
| Cairo Suburban | £ | 4 1/2 | |
| Egypt. Land Invest. and Building | £ | — 1/2 | £ 1 3/4 |

### Societes Immobilieres

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cie. Immobilière d'Egypte | Frs. | 330 — | 460 |
| Agricole du Nil | Frs. | 200 — | 2 5/8 |
| Enterprise and Development | L.E. | 8 — | 10 1/2 |
| Urbaines et Rurales | £ | 3 5/8 | 16 n. |
| Entreprises Im. et Travaux | L.E. | 1 7/8 | P.T. 50 |
| Epargne Immobilière Ltd | £ | 2 — | P.T. 50 |

### Societes Industrielles

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-Eg. Spinning | £ | 0 3/8 | 2 |
| Crown Brewery d'Alex. | Frs. | 175 — | 90 |
| Crown Brewery du Caire | Frs. | 81 — | 35 |
| Egyptian Cotton Mills | £ | 2/-2/3 — | |
| gyptian Salt and Soda | £ | 16/6 — | |
| Ste des Ciments d'Egypte | Frs. | 50 — | 8 |
| Sucreries et Raffinerie | Frs. | 40 — | |
| Port Saïd Salt Association | £ | 14-14/3 — | |
| Nile Cold Storage | £ | 0 1/4 | |
| Egyptian Markets | £ | 25/9 — | |

### Navigation a Vapeur

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-American Nile | £ | 2 7/8 n. | |
| Khedivial Mail S.S. | £ | 4 1/2 | 21,6 |
| Menzaleh Canal & Nav. Co. | L.E. | 2 — | P.T. 50 |
| Express Nile Steamers Co. | L.E. | — — | P.T. 55 |
| „ Nouvelle | L.E. | 2 — | |
| Egyptian Mail St. Co. | £ | 10 n. | 1 1/8 |

### Hotels

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Nungovich Hotels | £ | 13 — | |
| Egyptian Hotels | £ | 5 1/8 | |
| National Hotels | L.E. | 2 3/4 | P.T. 27 |
| Upper Egypt Hotels | L.E. | 2 11/16-3/4 | |
| Splendid Hotels | L.E. | 4 — | |
| Excelsior Hotels | L.E. | 2 1/4 | 0 1/8 |

### Tramways

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tramways d'Alexandrie | Frs | 138 — | 285-290 |
| Tramways du Caire | Frs | 610 — | 1122 |

### Valeurs diverses

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Héliopolis | Frs. | 245 — | L.E. 10 1/4 |
| Egyptian Investment | £ | 0 9/16 | |
| Societe Egyp. d'Irrigation | £ | 16 — | |
| Corporation of W. Egypt | £ | 0 7/16 | |
| New Egyptian Company | £ | 14/3 — | |
| Land & General Trust | £ | 0 7/16-1/2 | |
| Soc. Frigorifique d'Egypte | L.E. | 3 3/4 n. | |
| Walker & Meimarachi | £ | 0 7/16-1/2 | |
| Automobiles du Caire | £ | 2 1/16 | 6 |
| Egyptian Constructions | £ | 0 1/8-7/16 | |
| Soc. Egypt. de Publicité | L.E. | 4 1/2 | P.T. 400 |

## To-day's Exchange Quotations

| | Banks' buying | Banks' selling* |
|---|---|---|
| London cheque | 97 9/16 | 97 11/16 |
| „ 3m. bank paper | 96 9/16 | 96 7/8 |
| „ 3m. house paper | 96 7/16 | — — |
| Paris cheque | 387 3/4 | 388 3/4 |
| „ 3m. bank paper | 384 1/2 | 385 1/2 |
| „ 3m. house paper | 384 1/4 | — — |
| Switzerland cheque | 386 1/2 | 387 1/2 |
| „ 3m. house paper | 383 1/2 | — — |
| Germany cheque | 476 1/2 | 477 3/4 |
| „ 3m. bank paper | 471 1/2 | — — |
| Italian cheque | 386 — | 387 — |

*Less one per mille brokerage.

Alexandrie, le 1er août 1907.

## DELTA LIGHT RAILWAYS, LTD

TRAFFIC RETURNS

(Delta, Helouan and Cairo Lines Combined)

| | Week ended July 27 1907. | Same period *1906. | Increase | *Decrease |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kilometres open | 947 | 908 | 39 | — |
| | L.E. | L.E. | L.E. | L.E. |
| Coaching | 2739 | 2375 | 364 | — |
| Goods and Sundries | 1717 | 1720 | — | 3 |
| Total | 4456 | 4095 | 361 | — |
| Receipts per kilometre open | 4 706m. | 4.510m. | — | — |
| Total from 1st April 1906 | 77965 | 64916 | 130 9 | — |

(*Week ended 28th July, 1906.)

## Eastern Telegraph Co. Ltd.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Friday 2nd August, 1907.

OUTWARDS.

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 6 p.m (Cairo time)

| FROM | MESSAGES HANDED IN AT: The Company's Offices | Postal Telegraph Offices. |
|---|---|---|
| | H. M. | H. M. |
| London | 31 | 57 |
| Liverpool | 30 | — |
| Manchester | 39 | — |
| Glasgow | 41 | — |
| Other Provincial Offices | — | 1. 9 |

## REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

CLOSING REPORTS.

LIVERPOOL, August 2, 12.45 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sales of the day | 5 000 bales |
| Of which Egyptian | 100 „ |
| American maize new Northern | 5/1 |
| American futures (Sept.-Oct.) | 6.65 |
| „ „ (Jan.-Feb.) | 6.84 |
| American middling | 7.28 |
| Egyptian fully good fair, delivery (August) | 10 44/64 |
| „ „ „ (September) | 10 46/64 |
| „ „ „ (October) | 10 44/64 |
| „ „ „ (November) | 10 42/64 |
| Egyptian Brown fair (per lb. d.) | 9 12/16 |
| „ good fair | 10 6/16 |
| „ good | 11 6/16 |
| „ fully good fair | 10 13/16 |
| Egyptian saidi beans (new per 480 lbs) | —/— |

LONDON, August 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| Consols (September) | 82 3/4 |
| Egyptian Unified | 101 1/2 |
| Private Discount 3m. Bank bills | 3 3/4 % |

NEW YORK August 2

| | |
|---|---|
| Stock at all U.-S. ports | bal. 290,000 |
| Week's receipts at all U.-S ports | „ 10,000 |
| „ export to Great Britain | „ 10,000 |
| „ „ „ Continent | „ 10,000 |
| Spot Cotton | 13.25 |
| American Futures (September) | 11.65 |
| „ „ (October) | 12.03 |
| „ „ (January) | 12.21 |
| „ „ (February) | 12.24 |
| Cable transfers | dol. 4.87 1/8 |
| Cotton day's receipts at all U.S. Ports, | bales 1,000 |

The United States Department of Agriculture in its Monthly report on the Cotton Crop states that the average condition of the crop is 75 per cent.

NEW ORLEANS, August 2

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton Spot | 12 12/16 |
| Futures October | 12.35 |
| „ „ December | 12.30 |

LIVERPOOL, August 2

| | |
|---|---|
| American futures (September-October) | 6.62 |

LONDON, August 2

| | |
|---|---|
| Bar Silver (per oz d). | 32 2/16 |
| Private discount (3 month bills) | 3 3/4 |
| Consols (September) | 82 7/8 |
| Egyptian Unified | 101 1/2 |
| Turkish Unified | 94 1/2 |
| Rio Tinto | 78 1/8 |
| New Daira | 13 — |
| Agricultural Bank | 8 1/8 |
| National Bank of Egypt | 19 3/4 |
| Rand Mines New | 5 1/4 |
| Chartereds of S. Africa | 1 6/32 |
| Nile Valley Gold Mine | New — 2/32 |
| New Egyptians | — 22/32 |
| The Western Oasis Corporation | 16/32 |
| Delta Light (Bearer Shares) | 10 — |
| Egyptian Railway | 97 1/2 |
| „ Domain | 101 — |
| Ottoman Defence | 101 — |
| Italian Rents 4 o/o | 101 1/2 |
| Greek Monopoly | 48 — |
| Greek Rent 4 o/o | 37 1/2 |
| Ottoman Bank | 17 1/4 |
| Compt. Fin. & Comm. d'Egyp. | — — |
| Egyptian cot. seed to Hull (August) | 8 4/16 steady |
| German Beet Sugar (August) | 9/9 1/2 |

PARIS, August 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| Banque d'Athènes | 112 — |
| Crédit Foncier Egyptien | 686 — |
| Crédit Lyonnais | 1165 — |
| Comptoir National d'Escompte | 687 — |
| Land Bank of Egypt | 183 — |
| Ottoman Bank | 685 — |
| Lots Turcs | 166 — |
| Cheque on London | 25.16 — |
| Sugar White No. 3 (August) | 26 1/2 |
| Banque de Salonique | 143 — |
| Credit Franco-Egyptien | 106 — |

## Telegramme Havas

BOURSE du 2 août 1907

COURS DES VALEURS A TERME, CLOTURE

PARIS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rente Francaise 3 o/o | Fr. | 95 — |
| Dette Egyptienne Unifiée | „ | 103 90 |
| Extérieur Espagnol | „ | 91 85 |
| Russe consolidé | „ | 73 80 |
| Actions de Suez | „ | 4505 — |
| Crédit Foncier Egyptien | „ | 685 — |
| Crédit Lyonnais | „ | 1165 — |
| Comptoir National d'Escompte | „ | 687 — |
| Banque Ottomane | „ | 685 — |
| Land Bank of Egypt | „ | 182 — |
| Banque d'Athènes | „ | 112 — |
| Banque d'Abyssinie | „ | — — |
| Crédit Franco-Egyptien | „ | 106 — |
| Change sur Londres | „ | 25 16 |

LONDRES

| | |
|---|---|
| Consolidés anglais | £ 82 11/16 |
| Escomptes—Paris 3 1/2 %, Londres 4 o/o, Berlin 5 1/2 o.o | |

## RESUME DE LA SITUATION COTONNIERE

au 2 août

| AMERIQUE : | 1907 Balles | 1906 Balles |
|---|---|---|
| Recettes aux ports Semaine | 10,000 | 34,000 |
| Recettes du 1er Septembre | 9,807,000 | 7,782,000 |
| Export. Angleterre Semaine | 10,000 | 20,000 |
| Export. Angleterre du 1 Sept. | 3,747,000 | 2,851,000 |
| Export. Continent Semaine | 10,000 | 26,000 |
| Expert. Continent du 1er Sept. | 4,582,000 | 3,576,000 |
| Pris par la filature Etats-Unis | 5,130,000 | 4 654,000 |
| Stock ports | 290,000 | 205,000 |
| Insight semaine | 37,000 | 60,000 |
| Insight du 1er Septembre | 13,374,000 | 10,892,000 |
| Con. Mondiale Amér. Semaine | 117,000 | 157,000 |
| Con. Mon. Amér. du 1er Sept. | 12,591,000 | 11,367,000 |
| Visible supply américain | 1,633,000 | 1,119,000 |
| Visible supply général | 2,120,000 | 1,465,000 |

GENERAL

| LIVERPOOL : | 1907 Balles | 1906 Balles |
|---|---|---|
| Ventes Semaine | 31,000 | 33,000 |
| Forwarded | 47,000 | 60,000 |
| Importation | 14,000 | 22,000 |
| Exportation | 5,000 | 4,000 |
| Stock. | 920,000 | 552,000 |
| Flottant | 15,000 | 25 000 |

EGYPTIEN

| | 1907 Balles | 1906 Balles |
|---|---|---|
| Ventes Semaine | 1,400 | 1,600 |
| Forwarded | 2,000 | 2,400 |
| Importation | 5,000 | —,— |
| Exportation | 3,000 | 300 |
| Stock | 30,000 | 19,900 |
| Flottant | 8,000 | 10,000 |

## PRIMES DES CONTRATS

"Simple Faculte"

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Coton | Liv. | Nov. | P.T. 15 —/— | à | —/— |
| Gr. de coton | „ | 3 mois | „ 2 1/2 | „ | —/— |

"Stellage"

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Coton | Liv. | Nov. | P.T. 27 1/2 | à | —/— |
| Gr. de coton | „ | 3 mois | „ 5 —/— | „ | —/— |

"Double"

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Coton | Liv. | Nov. | P.T. 10 25/40 | à | —/— |
| Gr. de coton | | 3 mois | „ 1 3/4 | „ | —/— |

## Egyptian Delta Land & Investment Company, Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office in Cairo, on Tuesday the 13th day of August, 1907, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolutions or a Resolution or Resolutions to a similar effect. The Resolution if passed by the requisite majority will be submitted for confirmation to a second General Meeting to be hereafter convened so as to become a Special Resolution :—

**Special Resolution.**

That the Articles of Association as altered by Special Resolutions passed and confirmed on the 19th July 1906 and the 16th August 1906 and the 16th April 1907 and the 7th May 1907 respectively, be varied as follows :—

By striking out the words "and the member so appointed shall in all respects stand in the place of his predecessor" appearing in Articles 87 and by substituting for the words so struck out the words "but any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following Ordinary General Meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election."

By order of the Board,

J. A. W. PEACOCK,

*Manager.*

2, SHARIA BANK EL WATANI,

CAIRO.

Dated 26th July 1907.

Shareholders who hold Share Warrants to Bearer, and whose names are not on the Share Registers of the Company, are reminded that if they wish to attend the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, they must first deposit their Bearer Warrants together with a statement in writing of their names and addresses, at any of the following Banks two clear days before the date of the Meeting, viz : not later than the 10th August 1907 ; The National Bank of Egypt ; The Bank of Egypt ; The Anglo-Egyptian Bank Ltd. ; Crédit Lyonnais, or Imperial Ottoman Bank. The Share Warrants remaining so deposited will receive a Certificate of Deposit in exchange for the Share Warrants deposited, which must be produced by the Holders attending the Meeting. 30720 2-2

## KHEDIVIAL MAIL LINE.

VOYAGES D'ETE A PRIX REDUITS.

La Khedivial Mail Line mettra en vente à ses Agences d'Alexandrie, du Caire et de Port Saïd des billets spéciaux d'aller et retour qui permettront aux personnes désireuses de se rafraîchir par un petit voyage en GRECE, à SMYRNE, METELIN, CONSTANTINOPLE ou en SYRIE, de le faire à un taux réduit pendant les mois de JUILLET et AOUT.

Les prix seront les suivants :

| | | 1re Classe L.E. | 2me Classe L.E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Constantinople | aller et retour | 10 — | 6.500 |
| Pirée. . . . . | „ „ | 6 — | 4 — |
| Smyrne et Mételin | „ „ | 7 — | 5 — |

La nourriture pendant deux jours de quarantaine est comprise dans ces prix.

Des prix réduits seront accordés aux passagers par plusieurs hôtels à Constantinople, comme aussi au Phalère, Athènes, etc., et si les passagers en première classe désirent rester à bord à Constantinople et retourner par le même vapeur, ils auront la faculté de le faire en payant Fcs. 10 par jour pour leur nourriture.

Pour la SYRIE on émettra également des billets spéciaux au prix du voyage simple pour le voyage de l'aller et de retour. Le prix du voyage d'Alexandrie à Beyrouth et retour sera donc L.E. 3 500 par personne en première classe et L.E. 2.600 en deuxième classe.

CONDITIONS.

Les billets pour ces voyages ne pourront être obtenus qu'aux Agences de la Compagnie à Alexandrie, Port-Saïd et au Caire (Bonded Stores).

Les billets seront strictement personnels et aucune autre réduction ne sera accordée.

La durée de la validité des billets est de trois semaines à compter de l'arrivée au port de destination. Leur validité ne peut pas être prolongée sauf contre paiement de la différence entre le prix de ces billets et celui des billets ordinaires.

Les passagers munis de ces billets n'auront pas la faculté de s'arrêter dans les ports intermédiaires.

Alexandrie, le 14 juin 1907. 30586-14*-13

## The Egyptian Estates Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that all powers hitherto held from the above named Company by Mr. Montagu Summers have been revoked and that henceforward that gentleman has no power or authority to act in the name or on behalf of the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors,

B. E. SPENCER BRODHURST,

Director.

Cairo, 31st July 1907. 30722-3-3

## Societe Internationale des Employes D'ALEXANDRIE.

SIÈGE SOCIAL RUE SIDI EL METWALLI NO. 30 ET RUE HAMMAM EL ZAHAB NO. 1 AU 1ER ETAGE

**BUREAU DE PLACEMENT**

Jeune homme connaissant l'italien, le russe, le grec, le turc et le roumain, cherche place.

Jeune homme connaissant le français, l'italien et le grec et au courant des affaires d'assurances et de commerce, désire emploi.

Jeune homme grec cherche place de comptable ou caissier. Références de 1er ordre.

Un télégraphiste arménien cherche place de télégraphiste.

Jeune homme hellène cherche place de comptable ou caissier ; références de 1er ordre.

Français diplômé, disposant de quelques heures par jour, donnerait des leçons ou tiendrait comptabilité.

Jeune homme bien instruit en arabe et français, dispose de quelques heures par jour pour donner des leçons de ces langues et de comptabilité.

Jeune dame, italienne, très honorablement connue, connaissant italien, français et arabe, pouvant aussi donner des leçons de broderie et de piano, demande place comme dame de compagnie ou institutrice.

Jeune homme italien, connaissant le français, l'anglais, cherche place de correspondant, comptable ou secrétaire; il a de bons certificats.

Comptable expérimenté, connaissant le français, l'italien, le grec et un peu l'arabe, cherche place.

Professeur expérimenté donnerait leçons à domicile de français, arabe et hébreu pendant les vacances.

Jeune homme connaissant le français, l'arabe et l'italien cherche emploi.

Un bon placier, cherche place; ferait aussi l'encaisseur.

Comptable expérimenté et correspondant, connaissant le français, l'italien et parlant l'arabe, ayant de très-bonnes références, et disposant de quelque heures, cherche place.

Un jeune-homme connaissant la tenue des livres des contrats des Agences de Bourse et sachant le français, l'italien et l'anglais, cherche place dans une Agence.

N.B.—Pour tous renseignements s'adresser au Siège Social de la Société, Rue Sidi el Metwalli N°. 30 et Rue Hammam el Zahab N°. 1 au 1er Etage.

Le Secrétariat est ouvert tous les jours, excepté les dimanches et jours de fête, de 7 h. 1/2 à 8 h. 1/2 du soir.

Les insertions ci-dessus sont faites gratuitement par les soins de la Société et seuls les sociétaires peuvent en bénéficier.

Les personnes qui adressent des demandes à la Société, sont priées de joindre un timbre pour la réponse. 9-4-907

## MUNICIPALITE D'ALEXANDRIE

REGLEMENT CONCERNANT LES CONSTRUCTIONS.

LE PRÉSIDENT DE LA COMMISSION MUNICIPALE,

Vu l'art. 15, paragraphe 8 du Décret du 5 janvier 1890 instituant la Commission Municipale d'Alexandrie ;

Vu la délibération de cette Commission en date du 3 juillet 1907 approuvée par S.E. le Ministre de l'Intérieur ;

ARRETE :

ARTICLE PREMIER.

Les mesures et prescriptions suivantes seront appliquées à titre transitoire en attendant la promulgation d'un règlement définitif concernant les routes ainsi que le contrôle des constructions dans la ville d'Alexandrie :

Nul ne pourra construire, agrandir, surélever, réconforter ou réparer dans le périmètre de la ville d'Alexandrie, à quelque titre ou dans quelque limite que ce soit, des maisons, édifices, murs de clôture, balcons, perrons, trottoirs, ou tout ouvrage avant que les plans de l'ouvrage projeté ne soient soumis à la Municipalité et approuvés par elle et avant d'avoir reçu du Service du Tanzim l'autorisation de l'alignement en ce qui concerne les ouvrages bordant la voie publique.

Les dessins à présenter en double expédition par les intéressés devront comprendre :

*a*) Les plans du rez de-chaussée et des divers étages avec élévations et coupes à l'échelle de 1/100.

*b*) Un plan d'ensemble de l'emplacement à construire, des voies qui le bordent ou l'avoisinent ainsi que des dispositions de drainage à l'échelle de 1/1000.

*c*) Les plans des solivages et toitures à l'échellede 1/100 avec disposition des cheminées avec détails cotés à l'échelle de 1/10 des solives ou poutrelles (leur section et espacement d'axe en axe) ou de tout autre système à employer.

*d*) Des détails cotés à l'échelle de 1/10 de toutes autres parties essentielles de construction, (piliers, colonnes, consoles et sections des fondations).

Les intéressés auront en outre à soumettre à la Municipalité le cahier des charges relatif aux travaux à exécuter.

L'Administration devra, dans le délai de quinze jours à partir de la présentation des dessins et cahier des charges ci-dessus, manifester son approbation et délivrer en conséquence la rokhsa de construction et d'alignement. Au cas où ces dessins et cahier des charges n'auraient pas été agréés, la Municipalité devra dans le même délai en faire part aux intéressés et leur communiquer les observations qu'elle croira devoir formuler.

Aucune modification au plan approuvé par la Municipalité ou au cahier des charges ne pourra être apportée sans l'agrément écrit de cette dernière.

Les agents préposés au contrôle des constructions auront libre accès à tout moment aux ouvrages et constateront toute inobservation des plans approuvés ou du cahier des charges et dresseront les procès-verbaux y relatifs dans les formes et avec les mêmes sanctions adoptées en matière de contravention au règlement du Tanzim.

La Municipalité pourra retirer dans ce cas l'autorisation et empêcher toute continuation des travaux.

L'autorisation donnée par la Municipalité pas plus que l'approbation des plans et cahier des charges ou le contrôle exercé par ses agents, n'implique pour elle aucune responsabilité, laquelle demeure pleine et entière à la charge des intéressés.

ART. 2.

Le présent arrêté, qui ne déroge pas aux Lois et Règlements existants, entrera en vigueur trente jours après sa publication au *Journal Officiel*.

Fait à Alexandrie, le 8 juillet 1907.

Publié au *Journal Officiel* du 24 juillet 1907, N° 85.

*Pour le Président,*

HAFEZ.

30726-3-2

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication les travaux de remplissage d'une fosse et mise en profil de la rue Mellaha.

Le cautionnement est fixé à L.Eg. 30 (trente).

Le cahier des charges est déposé au bureau Technique où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité avant le 20 Août 1907.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5 h. p.m.

L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention : "Soumission pour travaux de remplissage d'une fosse et mise en profil de la rue Mallaha."

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité Générale avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 20 Août 1907 à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

L'Administrateur,

(Signé) DR. SCHIESS.

Alexandrie, le 31 Juillet 1907. 30724-3-2

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication les travaux d'installation sanitaire de quatre chalets de nécessité dans la Ville.

Le cautionnement est fixé au 10 % de la somme totale.

Le cahier des charges est déposé au bureau Technique où il peut être consulté par les intéressés trois jours à partir de la présente de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité avant le 27 Août 1907.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5 h. p.m.

L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention : Soumission pour travaux d'installation sanitaire.

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité générale avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 27 Août à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

Alexandrie le 31/7/07.

Le vice-président,

(signé) Dr SCHIESS.

30725-3-2

## Supplement Commercial et Financier DE " L'EGYPTIAN GAZETTE "

**Le Supplément Commercial et Financier de l'"Egyptian Gazette" paraît chaque Samedi à midi, de façon à pouvoir être expédié par le paquebot autrichien. Il contient des revues complètes et impartiales du coton, des graines de coton, et du marché des valeurs ; les dernières statistiques jusqu'à la veille de sa publication : des tableaux des fluctuations de la place et les copies des dépêches officielles envoyées à la Liverpool Cotton Association, etc. etc**

**L'abonnement pour une année en Egypte coûte 1 L.E. y compris les frais de poste ; pour l'étranger 10 P.T. de port en sus.**


The great extent of Maple & Co's export business, combined with their unique position in the markets of the world and their unequalled resources, enable them to supply modern English furniture and appointments at prices quite different from those quoted elsewhere. Customers have choice from the largest and best stock of furniture in the world

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THE PREMIER FURNISHING HOUSE OF THE WORLD

Carefully compiled catalogues of furniture and furnishing requisites, in English or French, sent post free

Inclusive F.O.B. estimates submitted on receipt of particulars

Expert Representatives visit all parts of the world to advise and confer with customers

THE "SEAFORTH" BEDROOM SUITE in finely grained mahogany, with marquetry banding and decoration, consisting of a 6ft well-arranged Wardrobe, with bevelled robing mirrors in doors, 4ft Dressing Table with bevelled mirror; 4ft Washstand with marble top and back; Pedestal Cupboard; Towel Rail, and three cane-seated Chairs - - - - - - - - - - - - **£49 15 0**

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FOR IRRIGATION, DRAINAGE, WATERWORKS AND ALL OTHER DUTIES.

The Most Efficient, Reliable and Compact is the

# TURBINE PUMP

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COMPLETE PLANTS

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**MATHER & PLATT, Ltd.**

**Salford Iron Works, MANCHESTER.**



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# Wire rope

for all purposes

*Egyptian House:*

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Manufacturers of MINERALISED RUBBER GOODS
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Sole makers of SPHINCTER GRIP ARMOURED HOSE
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**The Egyptian Engineering Stores.**

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Messrs. CLAYTON & SHUTTLEWORTH, Lincoln, Portable & fixed Engines and Boilers, Corn mills, Srawbruising & Cutting Machines.
Messrs. GALLOWAYS, LIMITED., Manchester.—The Largest Boiler Works in the World.
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PIGUET & Co., Lyons —French Steam Engines.
AVELING & PORTER, LIMITED, Rochester.—Steam Rollers and Steam Ploughs.
LES TANNERIES LYONNAISES, Oullins (Rhône).—Best Leather Belting.
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# Telephone Company of Egypt, Limited.

Cairo-Alexandria Telephone.—Rates as follows :—P.T. 5 for each 3 minutes, or fraction of 3 minutes P.T. 10 over 3 up to 8 minutes communication. — Public Call-Offices : Cairo, Central Office, Opera Square and New Bar ; Helouan, Central Office, Maison Purvis ; Alexandria, St. Mark's Buildings, Egyptian Bar I. Castelli & Co. ; Ramleh, Central Office, San Stefano Casino. 30-4-907



# ENGRAIS ORGANIQUES

# CAIRO SEWAGE TRANSPORT Cy, Ld.

Sharia el Cherifein No 1 près la National Bank, LE CAIRE.



# THE UNION DISCOUNT COMPANY OF LONDON, LTD

39, CORNHILL, LONDON, E.C.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED £1,500,000, IN 150,000 SHARES OF £10 EACH;
On which £5 have been paid.
Paid up £750,000 Reserve Fund £465,000

**Directors.**

ROBERT BALFOUR, M.P. | ARTHUR JOHN FRASER.
WILLIAM THOMAS BRAND, | SIR THOMAS JACKSON, Bart.
SIR WILLIAM DUNN, Bart. | HENRY OPPENHEIM.

Manager : CHRISTOPHER R. NUGENT.
Sub-Manager : E. C. STEVENSON. Assistant Sub-Manager :F. NEVILL JACKSON.
Secretary : W. B. HOBBS.

**Balance Sheet, 30th June 1907.**

| Dr. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. | Cr. | £ s. d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| To Capital Account, 150,000 Shares of £10 ... ... ... | 1,500,000 0 0 | | By Cash at Bankers | 826,328 5 7 |
| Amount paid, £5 per Share ... | | 750,000 0 0 | „ Consols, Exchequer Bonds, Indian Government and other Securities | 2,649,617 6 2 |
| Reserve Fund .. | | 450,000 0 0 | „ Loans on Securities at call and short dates, and other Accounts ... ... | 887,623 16 4 |
| Provident Reserve Fund ... ... | | 43,476 6 6 | „ Bills Discounted, &c. | 18,259,159 5 9 |
| „ Loans & Deposits, including provision for contingencies... ... | 14,856,204 5 5 | | „ Sundry Debit Balances .. ... ... | 4,348 17 3 |
| „ Bills Re-discounted | 6,382,245 9 7 | 21,238,449 15 0 | „ Freehold and Leasehold Premises, Fittings and Furniture... ... ... | 106,884 4 1 |
| „ Rebate on Bills Discounted ... | 135,060 12 5 | | | |
| Balance at Credit of Profit and Loss for Appropriation ... ... | 116,975 1 3 | 252,035 13 8 | | |
| | | £22,733,961 15 2 | | £22,733,961 15 2 |

**Profit and Loss Account for the Six Months ending 30th June 1907.**

| Dr. | £ s. d. | £ s. d. | Cr. | £ s. d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| To Current Expenses, including Salaries, Rent and Taxes, Directors' Fees, and all other charges .. ... | | 19,253 14 8 | By Balance brought forward from 31st December, 1906 ... | 54,193 0 2 |
| „ Rebate of Interest on Bills discounted not due, carried forward to New Account | | 135,060 12 5 | „ Gross Profits for the half-year, after making provision for contingencies ... ... | 217,096 8 2 |
| „ Reserve Fund... | 15,000 0 0 | | | |
| „ Provident Reserve Fund... ... | 5,000 0 0 | | | |
| „ Dividend for the half-year at the rate of 11 per ct. per annum, free of Income Tax | 41,250 0 0 | | | |
| „ Balance carried to next Account | 55,725 1 3 | 116,975 1 3 | | |
| | | £271,289 8 4 | | £271,289 8 4 |
| | | | Balance brought down ... | £55,725 1 3 |

W. B. HOBBS, Secretary. W. T. BRAND, HENRY OPPENHEIM } Directors.

The Company discounts approved Bank & Mercantile Acceptances, receives money on deposit, and grants loans on approved negotiable securities at rates which can be ascertained on application at the office, and effects purchases and sales of Government Stocks, Shares and other securities on the usual terms. 30643-3*-3


# ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION

## BULLETIN HEBDOMADAIRE

*No. 1,138* *Alexandrie, (FRIDAY) VENDREDI à Midi le 2 Août 1907*

### *COTON*

| | Arrivages | Exportations Angleterre | | Continent | | Etats-Unis | | TOTAL | | STOCK |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Cantars | Balles | Cantars | Balles | Cantars | Balles | Cantars | Balles | Cantars | Cantars |
| Cette sem. (This week) | 646 | 3,171 | 63.967 | 4,278 | 32,126 | 965 | 7.430 | 8,414 | 63 523 | 330 926§ |
| Même semaine 1906... | 187 | 2,343 | 17.113 | 2,967 | 22,797 | 284 | 2,187 | 5,594 | 42,097 | 322,409* |
| Depuis 1er Sept. 1906 | 6 861 870 | 430,472 | 3 255,207 | 350,542 | 2.618,277 | 113 954 | 878,490 | 894,968 | 6,751,974 | — |
| Même époque 1906 ... | 5,876.121 | 378,452 | 2,871,571 | 332,097 | 2.480,129 | 71,171 | 548,012 | 781,630 | 5,899,714 | — |

Y Compris stock § au 1er Septembre 1906 Cantars 220,400 *au 1er Septembre 1905 Cantars 346,000

### *GRAINES DE COTON* (COTTON SEED) — TOURTEAUX (COT. SEED CAKE)

| | Arrivages | Exportations Angleterre | Continent | TOTAL | STOCK | Tourteaux Arrivages | Exportations |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Tonnes | Tonnes |
| Cette sem. (This week) | 13,463 | 13,420 | 2,533 | 15,953 | 514,906 § | — | 204 |
| Même semaine 1906... | 247 | 13,394 | 16,5 4 | 29,898 | 675,473* | — | 899 |
| Depuis 1er Sept. 1906 | 4,116,481 | 3 14 ,725 | 530,350 | 3,676,075 | — | 18 028 | 63,120 |
| Même époque 1906 ... | 3,559.748 | 2 89 578 | 241.097 | 3,132,675 | — | 24,120 | 70,493 |

Y compris stock au 1er Septembre 1906 Ardebs 104,500 au 1er Septembre 1905 Ardebs 248,400

**Pour les Feves, Orges, Blés, Lentilles, Mais et Oignons, la consommation locale n'est connue respectivement que les 31 Mars et 30 Novembre**

### *FEVES* (BEANS) — *ORGES* (BARLEY)

| | Arrivages Saidi | Behera | Exportations Angleterre | Continent | TOTAL | STOCK | Orges Arrivages | Expor. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs |
| Cette sem. (This week) | 2,091 | 168 | — | — | — | 30,113 | 209 | — |
| Même semaine 1906... | 968 | — | — | 19 | 19 | 55,089 | 735 | — |
| A partir du 1 Av. 1906 | 17,577 | 168 | 6,261 | 1,1 7 | 7,418 | — | 1 398 | — |
| Même époque 1906 ... | 40,535 | 182 | 522 | 5,606 | 6,128 | — | 7,611 | 20 |

Stock au 1er. Avril 1907 Ardebs 21,000 — Ardebs 3,000
Stock au 1er. Avril 1906 Ardebs 20,500 — Ardebs —

### *BLES* (WHEAT) — *LENTILLES* — *MAIS* — *OIGNONS* (ONIONS)

| | Blés Arrivages Saidi | Behera | Expor. | Lentilles Arrivages | Expor. | Mais Arrivages | Expor. | Oignons Arrivages | Exportations |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Ardebs | Crs. 108 Ok. | Crs. 108 Ok. |
| Cette sem. (This week) | 411 | 2,043 | — | 78 | — | 350 | 139 | 410 | 8 |
| Même semaine 1906 ... | 25 | 1,818 | — | 202 | 10 | 4 | — | 202 | 171 |
| A partir du 1 Av. 1906 | 5,499 | 20,885 | — | 1,854 | 46 | 9,067 | 426 | 488,267 | 490,425 |
| Même époque 1906 ... | 2,644 | 18,186 | — | 942 | 49 | 2,612 | 285 | 602,744 | 540,174 |

Stocks au 1er Avril 1906 Ardebs — Ard. — au 1 Déc. 1906 Ard. — au 1 Mars 1906 Crs —
Stocks au 1er Avril 1905 Ardebs — Ard. — au 1 Déc. 1905 Ard. — au 1 Mars 1905 Crs —
N.B.—L'année pour les Blés et les Lentilles commence le 1er Avril, pour les Maïs le 1er Décembre, pour les Oignons le 1er Mars

### Prix de la Marchandise disponible

**COTON SUIVANT LES TYPES DE L'ASSOCIATION**

| | Brown | Haute-Egypte et Fayoum | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Fair | Tal. — /— | Nom. Tal. — /— | Nominal |
| Fully Fair, | „ — /— | „ „ — /— | |
| Good Fair | „ 19 7/8 | „ 19 1/8 | |
| Fully Good Fair, | „ 20 3/8 | „ 19 5/8 | |
| Good | „ 21 3/8 | „ 20 3/8 | |

| | Abassi | Ioannovich |
|---|---|---|
| Fully Good Fair, | Tal. — /— a — /— | Tal. 28 /— a Nom. |
| Good, | „ — /— „ — /— | „ 29 /— „ „ |
| Extra, | „ — /— „ — /— | „ — /— „ — /— |

**GRAINES ET CEREALES** (Qualità Buona Mercantile — Franco-Station)

| | Disponible | Tickets |
|---|---|---|
| Graines de Coton Mit-Afifi | P.T. 80 —/— | — — |
| „ „ Haute-Egypte | „ 79 —/— | — — |
| Blé Saïdi | „ — —/— | — — |
| Blé Béhéra | „ — —/— | — — |
| Orge | „ — —/— | — — |
| Fèves Saïdi | „ — —/— | — — |
| Fèves Fayoumi | „ — —/— | — — |
| Fèves Béhéra | „ — —/— | — — |
| Lentilles | „ — —/— | — — |
| Maïs | „ — —/— | — — |
| Oignons | „ — —/— | — — |

### PRIX DES CONTRATS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Coton Fully Good Fair Brown | Août pr. | Tal. 20 8/32 |
| „ „ „ „ „ | Novembre pr. | „ 20 15/32 |
| „ „ „ „ „ | Janvier pr. | „ 20 17/32 |
| „ „ „ „ „ | Mars pr. | „ 20 27/32 |
| Graines de Coton | Août pr. | P.T. 82 20/40 |
| „ „ | Nov.-Déc.-Jan. | „ 72 —/— |

**Marché des Cotons : Calme, peu d'affaires.**
**Le marché de Minet-el-Bassal restera fermé le lundi 5 courant.**

# Weekly Postal Table.

## Alexandria Office.

***Table showing the days of despatch and arrival of the principal Foreign Mails***
From Monday, 5th, to Sunday 11th August, 1907.
(Both dates inclusive).

| COUNTRIES. | MAIL PACKETS. | ROUTES. | DESPATCHES. DAYS. | Latest hour for posting: Ordinary* Letters. | Money Orders. | Parcels. | Arrival. DAYS. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| EUROPE, AMERICA AND WEST COAST OF AFRICA. | British | Port Said & Brindisi | ** | ** | ** | ** | Wednes. |
| | German | Naples | — | — | — | — | — |
| | Italian | Messina | Thurs. | 2 p.m. | noon | Wednes. 6 p.m. | Sunday |
| | French | Marseilles | Friday | 3 p.m. | noon | Thurs. 6 p.m. | Tuesday |
| | Austrian | Brindisi | Satur. | 3 p.m. | noon | Friday 6 p.m. | Monday |
| | Italian | Brindisi | — | — | — | — | — |
| GREECE ... ... ... ... | British | Port Said & Brindisi | ** | ** | ** | ** | — |
| | Khedivial | Piræus | Wedn. | 3 p.m. | noon | Tuesday 6 p.m. | Satur. |
| TURKEY, GREECE AND SOUTHERN RUSSIA. | Russian | Piræus Constantinople | Tuesday | 3 p.m. | noon | — | Friday |
| TURKEY AND RUMANIA... ... | Rumanian | Constanza | — | — | — | — | — |
| SYRIA ... ... ... ... ... | Khedivial | Port Said | Sunday | 8.30 a.m. | Satur. 6 p.m. | Satur. noon | Wednes. |
| | Russian | Port Said | Friday | 8.30 a.m. | Thurs. 6 p.m. | — | Friday |
| | French | Port Said | Thurs. | 3.10 p.m. | noon | — | Thurs. |
| | Austrian | Alex. | Monday | 3 p.m. | Monday noon | — | Monday |
| | Italian | Alexandria | Wednes. | 9 a.m. | Tuesday 6 p.m. | — | Tuesday |
| CYPRUS ... ... ... ... | Greek | Port Said | Tuesday | 3.10 p.m. | noon | Monday 6 p.m. | Monday |
| MALTA ... ... ... ... | British | Port Said & Brindisi | ** | ** | ** | ** | Wednes. |
| | Italian | Brindisi | — | — | — | — | — |
| | Italian | Messina | Thurs. | 2 p.m. | noon | Wednes. 6 p.m. | Sunday |
| | Austrian | Brindisi | Satur. | 3 p.m. | noon | Friday 6 p.m. | — |
| TOR AND JEDDAH ... ... | Khedivial | Suez | — | — | — | — | Thurs. |
| TOR, JEDDA AND HODEIDA ... | Khedivial | Suez | Monday | 8.30 a.m. | Sun. 4 noon | Sun. 4 noon | — |
| PORT SUDAN, SUAKIN ... ... | Khedivial | Suez | Wednes. | 8.30 a.m. | Tuesday 6 p.m. | Tuesday noon | Sunday |
| MASSOWA AND ASSAB ... ... | British | — | — | — | — | — | Monday |
| | Italian | Suez Suakin | — | — | — | — | — |
| | Khedivial | Suez Suakin | Wednes. | 8.30 a.m. | Tuesday 6 p.m. | Tuesday noon | — |
| ADEN AND INDIA.. ... ... | British | Suez | Wednes. | 8.30 a.m. | Tues. 6 p.m. | Monday noon viâ Port Said | Mails from the East are subordinate to the arrivals of the packets at Suez. |
| | French | Suez | Monday | 8.30 p.m. | Sun. 4 6 p.m. | — | |
| CEYLON AND AUSTRALIA ... | British Orient | Suez | Thurs. | 8.30 a.m. | Wedn. 6 p.m. | Wednes. noon viâ Port Said | |
| | French | Suez | Friday | 8.30 a.m. | Thurs. 6 p.m. | — | |
| | — | Suez | — | — | — | — | |
| | British P. & O. | Suez | — | — | — | — | |
| CEYLON, CHINA, JAPAN AND STRAITS SETTLEMENTS. | British P. & O. | Suez | — | — | — | — | |
| | French | Suez | Friday | 8.30 a.m. | Thurs. 6 p.m. | Thurs. 6 p.m. | |
| | German | Suez | Monday | 8.30 a.m. | Sun. 4 noon. | Sun. 4 noon | |
| ADEN & EAST COAST of AFRICA. | German | Suez | Friday | 8,30 a.m. | Thurs. 6 p.m. | Satur. 6 p.m. | |
| DJIBOUTI AND ABYSSINIA ... | French | Suez | — | — | — | — | |
| DUTCH EAST INDIA ... ... | Dutch | Suez | Tuesday | 3.10 p.m. | noon | Monday 6 p.m. | |

*The Registered letter office is closed one hour before the hours indicated above.
**See special notice.
N.B.—These days and hours are subject to modification, owing to quarantine regulations.


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